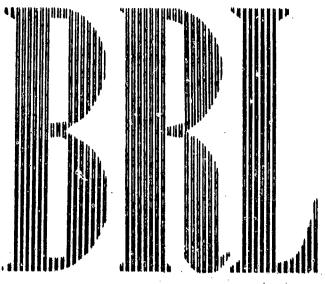
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REPORT NO. 1154 NOVEMBER 1961

UNSTEADY SPHERICAL FLOW BEHIND A KNOWN SHOCK LINE

Ray C. Makino Ralph E. Shear

Department of the Army Project No. 503-04-002
Ordnance Management Structure Code No. 5010, 11,815
BALLISTIC RESEARCH LABORATORIES



ABERDEEN PROVING GROUND, MARYLAND

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Computing Laboratory
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RCMakino/REShear/ic Aberdeen Proving Ground, Md. November 1961

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## ABSTRACT

The hydrodynamical equations of unsteady spherical flow are converted into characteristic form and solved numerically by a difference method. The "initial-value" curve is the shock line obtained by the least-square fit to some compiled shock-front data on spherical Pentolite, of such form as to approach Kirkwood-Brinkley's theoretical asymptotic shock-front decay curve. Results are tabulated on positive sound paths, mass particle paths, and lines of constant distance.

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### SYMBOLS

## Superscript:

i represents iteration index

\* denotes dimensional quantity

## Subscript:

o denotes state of the undisturbed air

1,2,3,... identify points in the t,m space

## Roman

a\*= radius of charge

c\*= local sound velocity = 
$$\sqrt{\frac{\partial p^*(\rho^*, s^*)}{\partial \rho^*}}$$
s\*

e\*= specific internal energy

$$E = e + \frac{1}{2} u^2$$

h\*= specific enthalpy =  $e^* + \frac{p^*}{o^*}$ 

$$h = \frac{h^* - h^*_0}{c^*_0}$$

$$H = \frac{1}{2}u^2$$

m = a function proportional to the mass between a particle path and the path of the boundary between air and enplosion gas (see eq. 11-7)

p\*4 total pressure

r\*= radial distance

R\*- gas constant

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s\* = specific entropy

$$s = \frac{s^* - s^*}{R^*}$$

St\_ refers to the shock line in the t,m space

t\* = time

$$t = \frac{c^*}{\frac{o}{a^*}} t^*$$

T\* = absolute temperature

$$T = \frac{T^*}{T^*}$$

u\* = mass velocity of air

$$u = \frac{u^*}{c^*}$$

U\* = shock velocity

Greek:

refers to the forward-facing sound path in the t,m space  $\alpha_{t,r}$  refers to the forward-facing sound path in the t,r space  $\alpha_{p,u}$  refers to the forward-facing sound path in the p,u space  $\beta_{t,m}$  refers to the backward-facing sound path in the t,m space  $\beta_{t,r}$  refers to the backward-facing sound path in the t,r space  $\beta_{p,u}$  refers to the backward-facing sound path in the t,r space

 $\gamma_{t,m}$  refers to the particle path in the t,m space  $\gamma_{t,r}$  refers to the particle path in the t,r space  $\gamma_{p,u}$  refers to the particle path in the p,u space  $\rho^* = \frac{1}{\rho^*_{o}}$  density  $\rho = \frac{1}{\rho^*_{o}}$   $\frac{\rho^*_{o}}{\rho^*_{o}}$ 

#### I. INTRODUCTION

Extensive experimental data, obtained both by measurement of shockfront arrival times and by piezo-electric gage measurement of hydrostatic
pressure change across the front, exist for the propagation of the blast
wave from bare spherical charges exploded in air. These data are sufficient
for the algebraic determination of all the remaining air flow parameters
such as density, entropy, and particle velocity across the shock front.

Parameters behind the front, however, cannot be measured as accurately nor
be calculated as easily. The pressure-time curve recorded by the piezoelectric gage has scatter in the data in both the pressure p and the time t
directions. But if these observed pressure-time records are assumed
correct and known at each distance r, i.e., if the function

$$\vec{p} = \vec{p}(t, \vec{r})$$

is assumed known, then the particle velocity u = u(t,r) and the entropy s = s(t,r) can be calculated by integration of a set of ordinary differential equations (Ref. 1).

Here, we consider the numerical integration for the air flow parameters  $p^*, u^*$ , and  $s^*$ , given the shock line only, in the zone of determinacy of this line.

The cystem of partial differential equations describing this flow is of the hyperbolic type. At each point in the t, r space there exist three characteristics, two of which are path lines of sonic disturbances travelling outward and inward relative to the fluid particles, and the third of which is the path line of particles. This nature of the differential equations limits the domain of determinacy of the shock line; in particular, this domain cannot be extended into the zone of explosion gases without additional information about the zone.

The method of calculation consists of replacing the original system of flow equations by characteristics, which are written in finite difference form and solved numerically by step-by-step construction of the characteristic network. Computations are performed in the BRL electronic high-speed computer ORDVAC.

The shock-line chosen as the "initial curve" is an analytic expression fitted to some compiled experimental data on uncased spherical Pentolite charges fired in air at standard conditions away from reflecting obstacles. The smoothness of this curve necessarily destroys some information about discontinuities in the flow field.

The results are tabulated as functions of time along particle paths, positive sound paths, and constant radius lines. Some representative results are given graphically. These results may be not only of practical interest in the analysis of blast measuring apparatus and in the study of damage to structures, but may also be of theoretical interest in approximating blast-wave calculations.

## II. EQUATIONS OF FLOW

The differential equations describing the continuous spherical flow of a non-conductive and non-viscous compressible fluid are, in Eulerian coordinates (Ref. 2),

Conservation of mass:

(II-1) 
$$\frac{\partial \rho^*}{\partial t^*} + u^* \frac{\partial \rho^*}{\partial r^*} + \rho^* \frac{\partial u^*}{\partial r^*} + \frac{2\rho^*u^*}{r^*} = 0;$$

Conservation of momentum:

(II-S) 
$$\frac{\partial t^{\frac{1}{4}}}{\partial u^{\frac{1}{4}}} + u^{\frac{1}{4}} \frac{\partial u^{\frac{1}{4}}}{\partial u^{\frac{1}{4}}} + \frac{1}{\rho^{\frac{1}{4}}} \frac{\partial p^{\frac{1}{4}}}{\partial p^{\frac{1}{4}}} = 0$$
;

Adiabaticity:

(II-3) 
$$\frac{\partial e^*}{\partial t^*} + u^* \frac{\partial e^*}{\partial r^*} = 0$$
.

The independent coordinates are time  $t^*$  and distance  $r^*$ ; the dependent are pressure  $p^*$ , mass velocity  $u^*$ , specific entropy  $s^*$ , density  $\rho^*$ , and sound velocity  $c^*$ . These equations are supplemented by the equations of state

which are tabulated for air in Ref. 3. By the total derivative of the equations above

$$dp^* = \frac{1}{c^*^2} dp^* + \frac{\partial p^*(p^*, s^*)}{\partial s^*} ds^*$$

and by (II-3), we may put (II-1) into the form

(II-5) 
$$\frac{\partial v_*}{\partial p_*} + u_* \frac{\partial v_*}{\partial p_*} + c_*^2 p_* \frac{\partial u_*}{\partial r_*} + \frac{2c_*^2 p_* u_*}{r_*} = 0$$
.

In non-dimensional form equations (II-5), (II-2) and (II-5)become, respectively,

(II-6) 
$$\begin{cases} \frac{\partial p}{\partial t} + u & \frac{\partial p}{\partial r} + \omega c & \frac{\partial u}{\partial r} + \frac{\partial \omega c u}{r} = 0 \\ \frac{\partial u}{\partial t} + u & \frac{\partial u}{\partial r} + \frac{c}{\omega} & \frac{\partial p}{\partial r} = 0 \\ \frac{\partial s}{\partial t} + u & \frac{\partial s}{\partial r} = 0 \end{cases}$$

The Lagrangian form of these equations is obtained by replacing the independent variable r by a variable related to the mass bounded within the radial coordinate of each particle. We define a variable m such that

(11-7) 
$$\begin{cases} \frac{\partial \mathbf{n}}{\partial \mathbf{r}} = \frac{\omega \mathbf{r}^2}{\mathbf{c}}, \\ \frac{\partial \mathbf{m}}{\partial \mathbf{t}} = -\frac{\omega \mathbf{r}^2 \mathbf{u}}{\mathbf{c}}. \end{cases}$$

The compatibility condition  $\frac{\partial^2 m}{\partial r \partial t} = \frac{\partial^2 m}{\partial t \partial r}$  for continuous second derivatives reduces to the conservation of mass equation, and is automatically satisfied. m, so defined, is proportional to the fluid mass between two spherical shells of radii  $r_1$  and r moving with the fluid. In particular, we let  $r_1$ be the radius of the boundary between the explosion gas and air. The transformation (II-7) now converts the flow equations (II-6) into

#### III. CHARACTERISTIC EQUATIONS

The system of partial differential equations (II-6) or (II-8) is of the hyperbolic type; i.e., three real characteristics exist in the t,r or t,m space along which discontinuities in derivatives can propagate (Ref. 2). We denote these characteristics by  $\alpha$ ,  $\beta$  and  $\gamma$ , with subscripts to specify the space. The characteristic equations then are:

(III-1) 
$$\begin{cases} \alpha_{t,r} : \frac{dr}{dt} = u + c, \\ \alpha_{t,m} : \frac{dm}{dt} = \omega r^2, \\ \alpha_{p,u} : \frac{1}{\omega} \frac{dp}{dt} + \frac{du}{dt} = -\frac{2cu}{r}; \end{cases}$$

(III-2) 
$$\begin{cases} \beta_{t,r} \colon \frac{dr}{dt} = u - c, \\ \beta_{t,m} \colon \frac{dm}{dt} = -\omega r^2, \\ \beta_{p,u} \colon \frac{1}{\omega} \frac{dp}{dt} - \frac{du}{dt} = -\frac{2cu}{r}; \end{cases}$$

(III-3) 
$$\begin{cases} \gamma_{t,r}; & \frac{dr}{dt} = u, \\ \gamma_{t,m}; & \frac{dm}{dt} = 0, \\ \gamma_{p,u}; & \frac{ds}{dt} = 0. \end{cases}$$

Physically, the  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$  characteristics correspond to the forward and backward facing sound paths respectively, and  $\gamma$  corresponds to the particle path. Solving this system of characteristic equations is equivalent to solving the original set of flow equations, (II-8) or (II-6).

#### IV. SHOCK-FRONT CONDITIONS AND INITIAL DATA

Across the discontinuous shock front travelling into stationary air with velocity U\*, the parameters of flow are related by the following Rankine-Hugoniot equations of conservation of mass, momentum and energy (Ref. 2).

Conservation of mass:

$$\rho^*(U^* - u^*) = \rho^*_0 U^*$$
;

Conservation of momentum:

$$\rho*(U* - u*)^2 + p* = \rho*_0 U*^2 + p*_0;$$

Conservation of energy:

$$\frac{1}{2} (U^* - u^*)^2 + e^* + \frac{p^*}{\rho^*} = \frac{1}{2} U^{*2} + e^* + \frac{p_0^*}{\rho_0^*} .$$

These equations are derivable from (II-6) as weak solutions. We supplement the above equations by the equations of state

where e\* is the specific internal energy. Shear and Day have tabulated these equations for air in Ref. 3. In the audisturbed state

 $p_0^*$ ,  $u_0^*$ ,  $a_0^*$ , the air is assumed to obey the ideal gas law  $p_0^* = R^* \rho_0^* T^*$  with specific heat ratio 1.4.

In dimensionless form the equations above, together with the equations of the shock front path, may be written

$$\frac{Dm}{Dt} = \frac{\partial m}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial m}{\partial r} \frac{Dr}{Dt} = 1.4 r^{2} U,$$

$$\frac{Dr}{Dt} = U,$$

$$\frac{\omega}{c} (U - u) = 1.4 U,$$

$$\frac{\omega}{c} (U - u)^{2} + p = 1.4 v^{2},$$

$$\frac{1}{2} (U - u)^{2} + e + \frac{(p+1)c}{\omega} = \frac{1}{2} v^{2} + \frac{1}{1.4},$$

$$\omega = \omega (p,s),$$

$$c = c(p,s),$$

$$e = e(p,s),$$

where D/Dt is differentiation along the shock line. The nine unknowns in the eight independent equations in (IV-1) above are m, r, p, u, s, U, w, c, e. Thus, an experimental observation of any of these variables as a function of t or r determines the remaining variables as functions of t or r.

Extensive experimentation has been conducted on the propagation of shock waves from spherical Pentolite, because of the reproducibility of its explosion characteristics. Two methods of measurement have been commonly employed: in the first, shock arrival times between several points of observation are observed as functions of distance in the form t = t(r), ty either photographic observation of shock front path in the t,r plane or by piezo-electric gage observation of sudden pressure changes; in the second method, magnitudes of pressure jump across the shock are measured by means of piezo-electric gages with calibrated voltage output. Goodman (Ref. 4) has compiled these data and constructed the empirical fit

(IV-2) 
$$p = 48.16 \left( \frac{r-1}{r^3 \ln r} \right)^{\frac{1}{2}} \frac{\left(r-1\right)^2 + 4198}{\left(r-1\right)^2 + 247.0}$$

which approaches Kirkwood-Brinkley's asymptotic solution (Ref. 5)  $\frac{P}{A} = (r^2 \ln \frac{r}{B})^{-\frac{r}{A}} \text{ for } r \implies \infty \text{ (A and B are constants). The fitting is based on an abundance of points for <math>1 < r < 100$ , and on a relatively small

number for 100 < r < 200. Kirkwood-Brinkley's asymptotic curve with parameters determined at r = 150 differs at most about 10 percent from this expression out to our maximum distance r = 8200. We somewhat arbitrarily consider r = 150 to be the demarkation point beyond which the shock line is equivalent to Kirkwood-Brinkley's asymptotic solution. Hence, the domain of determinacy of the experimental data lies between the positive characteristics  $\alpha = 0$  and  $\alpha = 91$  passing respectively thru the initial at 1 = 15° points on the shock line (Fig. 1).

From the empirical equation above and the shock conditions (IV-1) and also from the Hugoniot table of Ref. 3 are derived the complete shock-line values. We represent these values functionally by

(IV-3) S: 
$$\begin{cases} m = m(t), \\ r = r(t), \\ p = p(t), \\ u = u(t), \\ s = s(t), \end{cases}$$

which we assume to be continuous and to possess continuous first derivatives. This set of functions will be regarded as the "initial-value" line for the numerical integration of the hydrodynamical squations of flow.

#### V. METHODS OF NUMERICAL INTEGRATION

Since, for shock velocity U > 0, the slopes 1.4  $r^2U$  of  $S_{t,m}$ ,  $\omega r^2$  of  $\alpha_{t,m}$ ,  $-\omega r^2$  of  $\beta_{t,m}$  and 0 of  $\gamma_{t,m}$ , are respectively related by  $\omega r^2 > 1.4 r^2U > 0 > -\omega r^2$ 

(Ref. 2), no characteristics are tangent to the shock line; the domain of determinacy of the shock line in the t,m space is therefore the area bounded by the shock line  $S_{t,m}$ , the particle path  $\gamma=0$  through the initial roint of  $S_{t,m}$ , and the forward-facing sound path  $\alpha=156$  through the terminus of  $S_{t,m}$  (Fig. 1).

With the specified "initial data" we solve the flow equations by converting the equivalent characteristic equations into finite difference form. Though methods using differences higher than the first can be employed, machine limitations restricted the calculation here to first difference methods only in which the lattices are kept small. The coefficients of the differences are averaged, and improved after each cycle of the iterative process. The final results at each point are then accurate to the third order in lattice size, as we see later.

The difference scheme used is specifically as follows. In Figure 2, let  $\widehat{12}$  and  $\widehat{43}$  be segments of adjacent  $\alpha_{t,m}$  lines given by the characteristic equations (III-1),  $\widehat{14}$  and  $\widehat{23}$  be segments of adjacent  $\gamma_{t,m}$  lines given by the characteristic equations (III-3), and  $\widehat{45}$  a segment of a  $\beta_{t,m}$  line given by the characteristic equations (III-2).

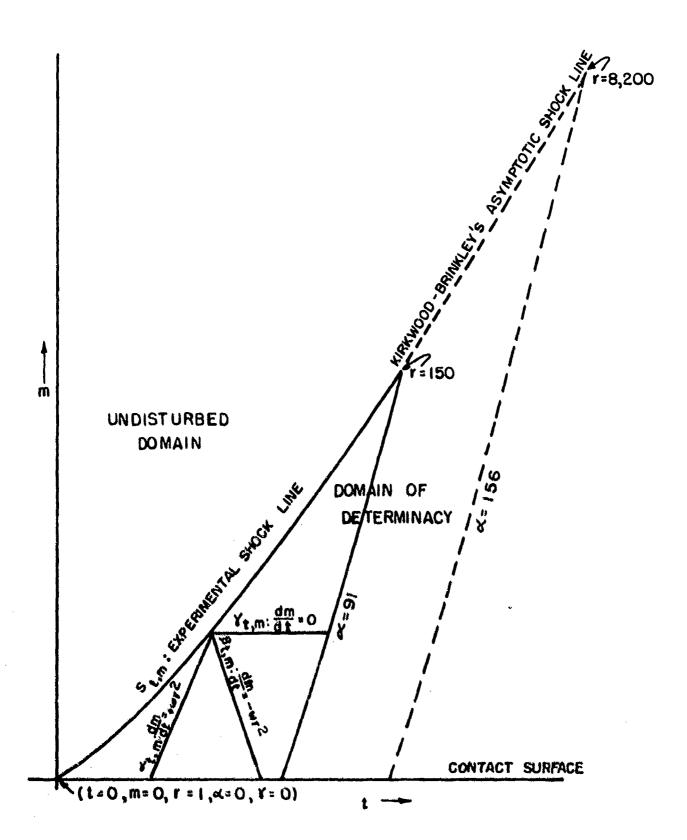


FIGURE 1. CHARACTERISTICS AND DOMAIN OF DETERMINACY

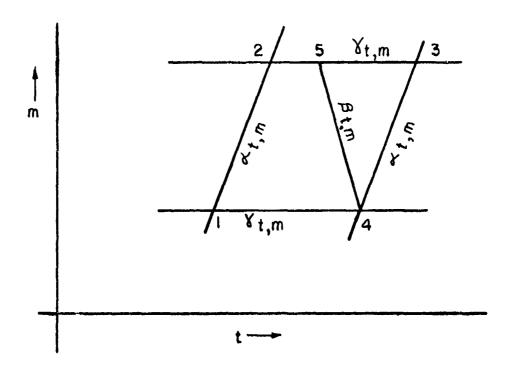


Figure 2. Construction of the Characteristic Lattice.

Of these five points let 1, 2 and 3 be completely known, let 4 be the point to be calculated, and let 5 be known to the (i - 1) th iterative cycle. We denote the iterative cycle by superscript (i) and location of the points by numerical subscripts. The i'th values at point 4 are then calculated by means of the difference forms of the sets of characteristic equations (III-1), (III-2) and (III-3). The coordinates t (i), m (i) are calculated from the difference equations

$$(V-1) \begin{cases} \alpha_{t,m} : \frac{m\binom{1}{t} - m_{5}}{t\binom{1}{t} - t_{5}} & \frac{(\omega r^{2})_{4}^{(1-1)} + (\omega r^{2})_{5}}{2} \\ \gamma_{t,m} : m_{4}^{(1)} = m_{1} \end{cases}$$

The values of  $t_5^{(i-1)}$  and  $t_2$  are now compared. If  $t_5^{(i-1)}$  -  $t_2 \geqslant 0$  , then  $t_5^{(1)}$ ,  $m_5^{(1)}$  are calculated as the intersection of 23 and 45:

$$\begin{cases} \beta_{t,m} : & \frac{m_5^{(i)} - m_{l_1}^{(i)}}{t_5^{(i)} - t_{l_1}^{(i)}} = -\frac{(\omega r^2)_5^{(i-1)} + (\omega r^2)_{l_1}^{(i-1)}}{2}, \\ \gamma_{t,m} : & \frac{m_5^{(i)} - m_{l_1}^{(i)}}{5} = m_{l_2}. \end{cases}$$
If  $t_5^{(i-1)} - t_2 < 0$ , then  $t_5^{(i)}$ ,  $m_5^{(i)}$  are calculated as the intersection

of 12 and 45:

$$\begin{cases} \beta_{t,m}; & \frac{m_5^{(i)} - m_{l_1}^{(i)}}{t_5^{(i)} - t_{l_1}^{(i)}} = -\frac{(\omega r^2)_5^{(i-1)} + (\omega r^2)_{l_1}^{(i-1)}}{2}, \\ \alpha_{t,m}; & m_5^{(i)} = m(t_5^{(i)}), \end{cases}$$

where  $m_5^{(1)} = m(t_5^{(1)})$  is either an interpolation formula or the difference equation along 12. That is, if point 5 is on 23 in the (1-1)th iteration cycle, the  $\gamma_{t,m}$  curve through point 2 is used to find the i'th value of point 5; but if the (i - 1) th value of point 5 is on 12, the  $\alpha_{t,m}$  curve through point 2 is used. All other required quantities at point 5 are obtained either by the interpolation formulas

$$\begin{cases} \mathbf{r}_{5}^{(1)} = \mathbf{r}(\mathbf{t}_{5}^{(1)}), \\ \mathbf{p}_{5}^{(1)} = \mathbf{p}(\mathbf{t}_{5}^{(1)}), \\ \mathbf{u}_{5}^{(1)} = \mathbf{u}(\mathbf{t}_{5}^{(1)}), \\ \mathbf{u}_{5}^{(1)} = \mathbf{u}(\mathbf{t}_{5}^{(1)}), \\ \mathbf{c}_{5}^{(1)} = \mathbf{c}(\mathbf{t}_{5}^{(1)}), \end{cases}$$

along 23 or 12, or by the difference equations along these arcs, depending on the location of point 5. (Machine limitation required that we represent 12 and 23 by linear interpolation formulas in our computation.)

An alternative procedure for calculating point 5 is to use either the set of  $\beta$  and  $\gamma$  equations only or the set of  $\beta$  and  $\alpha$  equations only, rather than to alternate between the two sets depending on the previous iterative value of t,; but in this case the accuracy of the constructed  $\beta_{t,m}$  curve through point 4 decreases with increasing distance of point 5 from the lattice 1234. Another method for calculating point 5 is to use the  $\beta$  equations and the curve  $\overline{13}$  represented by interpolation formulas between points 1 and 3; but in this method machine round-off difficulties will be encountered in regions where the geometry of the lattice 1234 is such that the curve 13 is nearly tangent to either of the characteristics 14 or 34.

With point 5 known, p and u at point 4 can be calculated from

With point 5 known, p and u at point 4 can be calculated from

$$\begin{pmatrix} \alpha_{p,u}; & \frac{\left(\frac{1}{u}\right)^{\left(\frac{1}{1}-1\right)} + \left(\frac{1}{w}\right)_{5}}{2} & \frac{p_{ij}^{(1)} - p_{3}}{t_{ij}^{(1)} - t_{3}} & \frac{u_{ij}^{(1)} - u_{3}}{t_{ij}^{(1)} - t_{3}} \\
& & \frac{\left(\frac{2cu}{r}\right)_{i_{1}}^{(1-1)} + \left(\frac{2cu}{r}\right)_{5}}{2} & \frac{u_{ij}^{(1)} - u_{5}^{(1)}}{t_{ij}^{(1)} - t_{5}^{(1)}} & \frac{u_{ij}^{(1)} - u_{5}^{(1)}}{t_{ij}^{(1)} - t_{5}^{(1)}} \\
& & \frac{\left(\frac{2cu}{r}\right)_{i_{1}}^{(1-1)} + \left(\frac{2cu}{r}\right)_{5}^{(1)}}{2} & \frac{\left(\frac{2cu}{r}\right)_{i_{1}}^{(1-1)} + \left(\frac{2cu}{r}\right)_{5}^{(1)}}{2} & \frac{\left(\frac{2cu}{r}\right)_{i_{1}}^{(1-1)} + \left(\frac{2cu}{r}\right)_{5}^{(1)}}{2} & \frac{\left(\frac{2cu}{r}\right)_{i_{1}}^{(1-1)} + \left(\frac{2cu}{r}\right)_{5}^{(1)}}{2} & \frac{\left(\frac{2cu}{r}\right)_{5}^{(1-1)} + \left(\frac{2cu}{r}\right)_{5}^{(1)}}{2} & \frac{\left(\frac{2cu}{r}\right)_{5}^{(1)} + \left(\frac{2cu}{r}\right)_{5}^{(1)}}{2} & \frac{\left(\frac{2cu}{r}\right)_{5}^{(1)} + \left(\frac{2cu}{r}\right)_{5}^{(1)}}{2} & \frac{cu}{r} & \frac{cu}{r}$$

and a can be obtained from

w and c at point 4 are obtained from the equations of state

$$(V-7) \begin{cases} \omega_{\downarrow}^{(i)} = \omega(p_{\downarrow}^{(i)}, s_{\downarrow}^{(i)}), \\ c_{\downarrow}^{(i)} = c(p_{\downarrow}^{(i)}, s_{\downarrow}^{(i)}). \end{cases}$$

Thus, the i 'th values of all the variables  $t_{\downarrow i}^{(i)}$ ,  $m_{\downarrow i}^{(i)}$ ,  $r_{\downarrow i}^{(1)}$ ,  $p_{\downarrow i}^{(1)}$ ,  $u_{\downarrow i}^{(1)}$ ,  $u_{\downarrow i}^{(1)}$ ,  $u_{\downarrow i}^{(1)}$  and  $c_{\downarrow i}^{(1)}$  are determined. The process is repeated until the (i+1)'th and the i'th values differ insignificantly.

In the above procedure, when i=1 the 0°th iterative values at point 4 required for averaging of coefficients of the difference equations can be obtained either by extrapolating along the computed  $\alpha_{t,m}$  curve through point 3 down to  $m_{t,m} = m_{t,m}$  or by averaging the coefficients at points 1 and 3. For example, we can set, as is done in this report,

$$(\omega r^2)_{4}^{(0)} = (\omega r^2)_{5}^{(0)} = \frac{(\omega r^2)_{1} + (\omega r^2)_{3}}{2}$$

For the  $t_5^{(0)}$  that we require in the comparison of  $t_5^{(0)}$  with  $t_2$  before point 5 is calculated, we can similarly use the average

$$t_5^{(0)} = \frac{t_1 + t_3}{2}$$
.

A special case of the above procedure for calculating point 4 occurs in the neighborhood of the shock line. Here, the procedure is the same as at interior points, except that points 2 and 3 are considered coincident (Fig. 3), and interpolations (V-4) along  $\widehat{12}$  are carried out along the shock line  $S_{t,m}$  rather than along  $\gamma_{t,m}$  or  $\alpha_{t,m}$  thru 2.

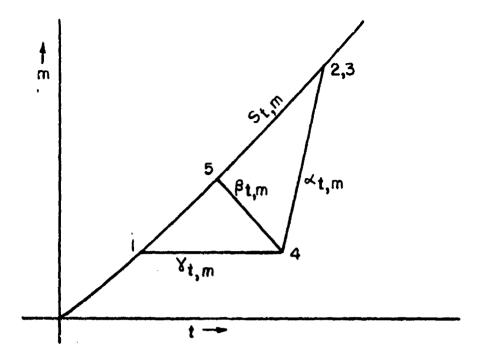


Figure 3. Characteristic Lattice Adjoining the Shock Line

The points integrated by the preceding scheme may be indexed by assigning successive values to the members of the  $\alpha$  and  $\gamma$  characteristics, such that on the shock line these indices are equal. The characteristic network in the  $\alpha$ ,  $\gamma$  space would then be as given in Fig. 4. The known points on the shock line S are (1,1), (2,2), (3,3), etc., and the unknown points below S are calculated in the sequence (1,0), (2,1), (2,0), (3,2), (3,1), (5,0), etc.

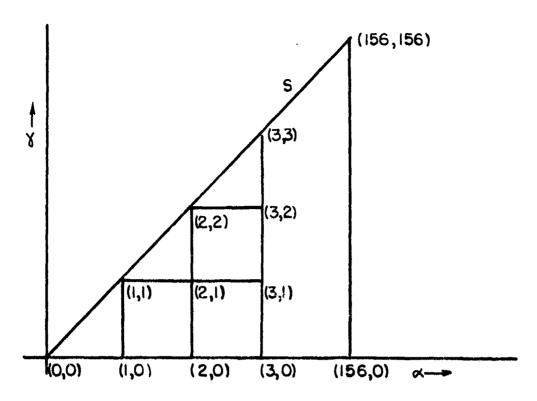


Figure 4. Lattice in α, γ Space

Once the lattice points along the shock line are chosen, the lattice network in the domain of integration becomes determined, unless the structure of the network is arbitrarily changed somewhere in the domain. Therefore, to minimize round-off errors, the shock-line lattice size in the t,m space is made variable. In the decaying shock concidered here, the lattice interval  $\Delta t$  along the shock line is made an increasing function of t.

The integration process described uses  $\gamma_{t,m}$  and  $\alpha_{t,m}$  equations to determine the characteristic network points in the t,m space; i.e., the lattices are rectangular in the  $\alpha$ ,  $\gamma$  space in regions away from the shock line. Thus, integration results, including values on the boundaries of the domain of determinacy, become tabulated on  $\alpha$  and  $\gamma$  characteristics, and values on  $\beta$  characteristics must be obtained by interpolation of the results. If, however, results along other combinations of characteristics are preferred, the process can be modified. We can, for example, construct the characteristic network in the  $\alpha$ ,  $\beta$  space. In Fig. 2, if points  $\beta$  and  $\beta$  are known, difference forms of the  $\alpha_{t,m}$  and  $\beta_{t,m}$  characteristic equations in (III-b) and (III-5) respectively can be used to determine the quantities  $t_{t,m}$ . In the special case

that values along  $\gamma$  are not of interest, this method has the advantage that only  $s_{l_1}$  need be interpolated as a function of  $m_{l_1}$ , whereas all interpolations (V-4) are required in the previous method; however, it has the disadvantage of requiring a special procedure at the boundary  $\gamma = 0$  separating air from the explosion gas.

A still another method is to choose the integration points arbitrarily along constant t lines, say  $t = t_1 + \Delta t$  (Figure 5), and to employ the intersection points 1, 2, and 3 of the  $\alpha_{t,m}$ ,  $\beta_{t,m}$ ,  $\gamma_{t,m}$  characteristics respectively with the known line  $t = t_1$  to calculate quantities at the integration point 4. This procedure is permissible because t = constant lines are nowhere tangent to any characteristic in any continuous and finite domains. However, several disadvantages arise. Firstly, the lack of automatic adjustment of network size according to gradients, as in the methods that construct the characteristic network, necessitates the determination of Am along each constant t line according to the results obtained for previous times, in order to control errors. Secondly, interpolations must be performed at all three points 1, 2 and 3, whereas previous methods required this operation at one point only. Thirdly, a special procedure is required to determine the y = 0 boundary passing through the initial point of the shock line. Finally, values along characteristics that may be desired for theoretical studies must all be subsequently interpolated for.

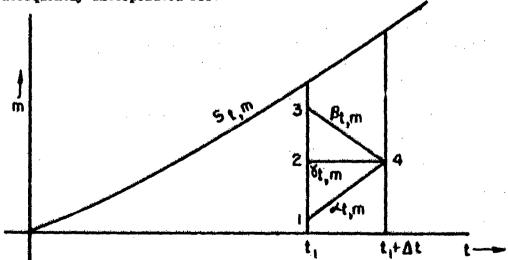


Figure 5. Integration Along Constant t Lines.

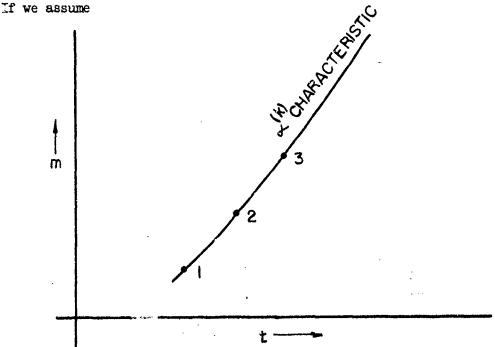
The existence theorem shows that integration methods based on differencing the original system of flow equations (II-8) rather than differencing the characteristic system require that the unknown point be within the domain of determinacy of the known points used in the difference scheme (Ref. 5). Since this condition must be examined at every integration point, complete use of the characteristic method is simpler and probably more accurate where the integration zone is fairly smooth, such as occurs in this report.

## VI. INTEGRATION ERRORS

The sets of characteristic equations (III-1), (III-2) and (III-3) are in the form

(VI-1) 
$$\sum_{j=1}^{6} f^{(jk!)} (\phi^{(1)}, \ldots, \phi^{(6)}) \frac{\partial \phi^{(j)}}{\partial \alpha^{(k)}} = g^{(k!)}(\phi^{(1)}, \ldots, \phi^{(6)}),$$

where  $\phi^{(j)}$  represents one of the set of six variables (t, m, r, p, u, s),  $\alpha^{(k)}$  represents one of the three characteristic variables  $(\alpha, \beta, \gamma)$ , and superscript  $\ell$  refers to one of the spaces (t,r), (t,m) or (p,u).



 $f^{(jkl)}$ ,  $g^{(kl)}$  and  $\phi^{(j)}$  to be expandable in convergent series in the arc along the  $\alpha^{(k)}$  characteristic, we have

$$f_3^{(jkl)} = f_2^{(jkl)} + \frac{1}{1!} \left( \frac{\partial f^{(jkl)}}{\partial \alpha^{(k)}} \right)_2 (\Delta \alpha^{(k)}) + \frac{1}{2!} \left( \frac{\partial^2 f^{(jkl)}}{\partial \alpha^{(k)}} \right)_2 (\Delta \alpha^{(k)})^2 + \dots,$$

$$f_{1}^{(jkl)} = f_{2}^{(jkl)} - \frac{1}{1!} \left( \frac{\partial f^{(jkl)}}{\partial \alpha^{(k)}} \right)_{2} (\Delta \alpha^{(k)}) + \frac{1}{2!} - \left( \frac{\partial^{2} f^{(jkl)}}{\partial \alpha^{(k)2}} \right)_{2} (\Delta \alpha^{(k)})^{2} + \dots,$$

$$g_{3}^{(k l)} = g_{2}^{(k l)} + \frac{1}{1!} \left( \frac{\partial g^{(k l)}}{\partial \alpha^{(k)}} \right)^{2} \left( \Delta \alpha^{(k)} \right) + \frac{1}{2!} \left( \frac{\partial^{2} g^{(k l)}}{\partial \alpha^{(k) 2}} \right)^{2} \left( \Delta \alpha^{(k)} \right)^{2}$$

$$g_{1}^{(k l)} = g_{2}^{(k l)} - \frac{1}{1!} \left( \frac{\partial g^{(k l)}}{\partial \alpha^{(k)}} \right)_{2} (\Delta \alpha^{(k)}) + \frac{1}{2!} \left( \frac{\partial^{2} g^{(k l)}}{\partial \alpha^{(k) 2}} \right)_{2} (\Delta \alpha^{(k)})^{2}$$

$$\phi_{(j)}^{3} = \phi_{(j)}^{2} + \frac{1}{1!} \left( \frac{\partial \phi_{(j)}}{\partial \alpha_{(k)}} \right)^{5} \left( \nabla \alpha_{(k)} \right) + \frac{5!}{1!} \left( \frac{\partial \alpha_{(k)5}}{\partial \alpha_{(k)5}} \right)^{5} \left( \nabla \alpha_{(k)} \right)_{5}$$

$$\phi_{(1)}^{1} = \phi_{(1)}^{5} - \frac{11}{7} \left( \frac{9\alpha_{(k)}}{9\phi_{(1)}} \right)^{5} \left( \nabla \alpha_{(k)} \right) + \frac{51}{7} \left( \frac{9\alpha_{(k)5}}{95\phi_{(1)}} \right)^{5} \left( \nabla \alpha_{(k)} \right)_{5}$$

from which we obtain by addition and subtraction

$$\frac{f_3^{(jkl)} + f_1^{(jkl)}}{2} = f_2^{(jkl)} + \frac{1}{2!} \left(\frac{\partial^2 f(jkl)}{\partial \alpha(k)^2}\right)^2 (\alpha \alpha^{(k)})^2 + \dots ,$$

$$\frac{g_3^{(k l)} + g_1^{(k l)}}{2} = g_2^{(k l)} + \frac{1}{2!} \left(\frac{\partial^2 g^{(k l)}}{\partial \alpha^{(k) 2}}\right)_2 (\Delta \alpha^{(k)})^2 + \dots$$

$$= \frac{11}{\sqrt{2}} \left( \frac{9\alpha_{(k)}}{\sqrt{2}} - \sqrt{2} \left( \frac{9\alpha_{(k)}}{\sqrt{2}} \right)^{5} \left( \sqrt{2}\alpha_{(k)} \right) + \frac{21}{\sqrt{2}} \left( \frac{9\alpha_{(k)}}{\sqrt{2}} \right)^{5} \left( \sqrt{2}\alpha_{(k)} \right)^{2} + \cdots \right)$$

Solving these equations for  $f_2^{(jkl)}$ ,  $g_2^{(kl)}$  and  $(\frac{\partial \phi^{(j)}}{\partial \alpha^{(k)}})_2$ 

and substituting into (VI-1), we obtain

$$(VI-2) \sum_{j=1}^{6} \left[ \frac{f_{j}^{(jk,\ell)} + f_{1}^{(jk,\ell)}}{2} (\phi_{j}^{(j)}) \phi_{1}^{(j)} \right] = \frac{g_{j}^{(k,\ell)} + g_{1}^{(k\ell)}}{2} (\Delta \alpha^{(k)}) + o(\Delta \alpha^{(k)})^{3}$$

This result indicates that for lattices sufficiently small the method of first-order differencing with average coefficients applied to the set of characteristic equations introduces a truncation error of third order in lattice size. While we can further reduce this error by integrating with several lattices and extrapolating the results to zero lattice (Ref. 6), the experimental accuracy of the shock line does not make the process worthwhile.

The relative round-off error is kept small by increasing the time step  $\Delta t$  along the shock line in accordance with the diminishing gradients of the variables.

The numerical study of error propagation and growth in scattered limited regions of the domain of integration by introduction of small changes in the variables, indicates that relative errors remain approximately of constant order.

#### VII. DISCUSSION OF RESULTS

The comparison between Brode's calculation on TNT (Ref. 7) based on the method of artificial viscosity and our results on Pentolite calculated by the method of characteristics, must be semi-qualitative, since the explosives and the nature of the initial and boundary values differ, and since Brode's scaling factors for time and distance depend on uncertain explosion energies  $\epsilon*$ . Brode's dimensionless time and distance are defined by

$$\tau = \frac{\frac{c_0^*}{c_0^*}}{(\frac{\epsilon^*}{p_0^*})^{1/3}} \quad t^* , \quad \lambda = \frac{\frac{1}{(\frac{\epsilon^*}{p_0^*})^{1/3}} r^*$$

If  $\lambda$  = 0.0156 is the charge surface r = 1, as Fig. 16 in Brode's report seems to indicate, we can relate  $\tau$ ,  $\lambda$  to t, r by

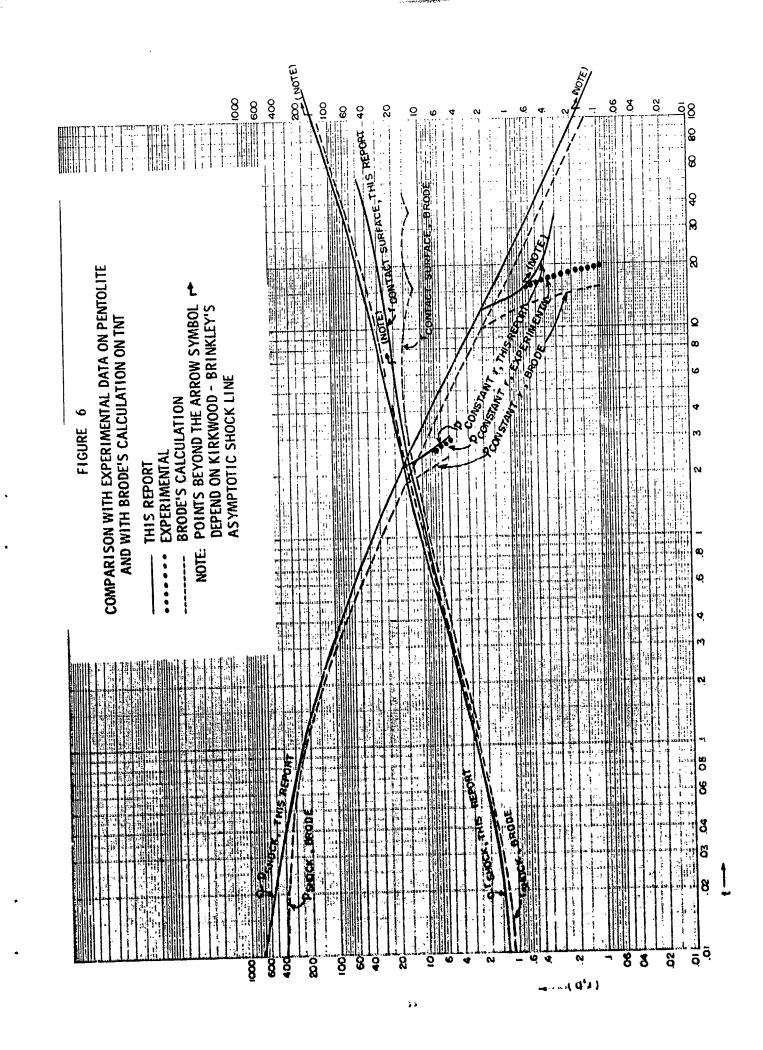
$$t = \frac{1}{0.0156} \tau$$
,  $r = \frac{1}{0.0156} \lambda$ 

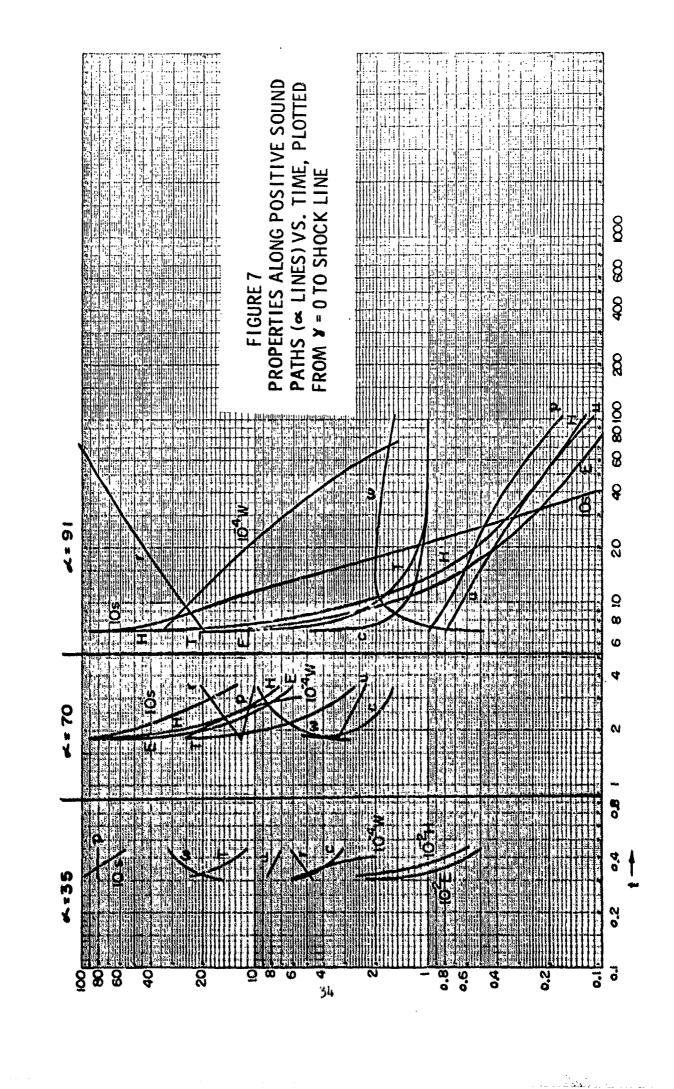
Brode's curves transformed to t,r space are compared with our assumed shock line and computed data in Fig. 6. (Because of some inconsistencies between Brode's curves in Ref. 7, we have used only Fig. 16-21 in this reference, supplemented by some of his unpublished data on isobaric lines that he has kindly furnished us.)

As Fig. 6 indicates, the calculated results influenced by the asymptotic segment of the shock line are questionable. While the error may be due to fitting the asymptotic curve to inaccurate shock line data near the limit of observation, more probably the asymptotic formula itself requires modification in the direction of faster shock decay, so that pressure at any fixed distance as a function of time decays faster in accord with observation, and the expanding contact surface reverses its direction of motion, as it eventually must.

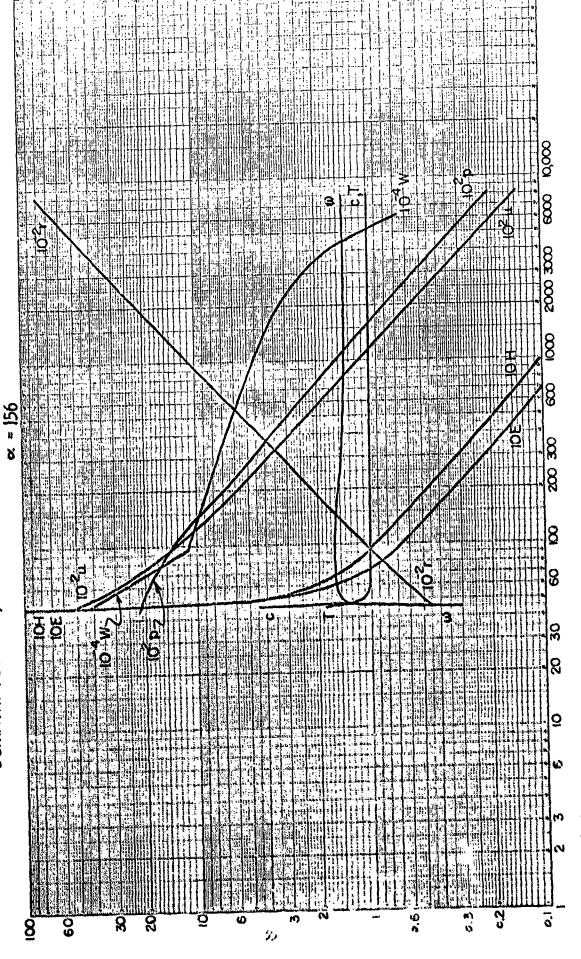
Typical graphs are drawn for the various variables along lines of constant  $\alpha$ ,  $\gamma$ , and r.

The tables give the shock line used as initial values, and the results along lines of constant  $\alpha$ ,  $\gamma$ , and r in the domain influenced by the experimental shock line only.





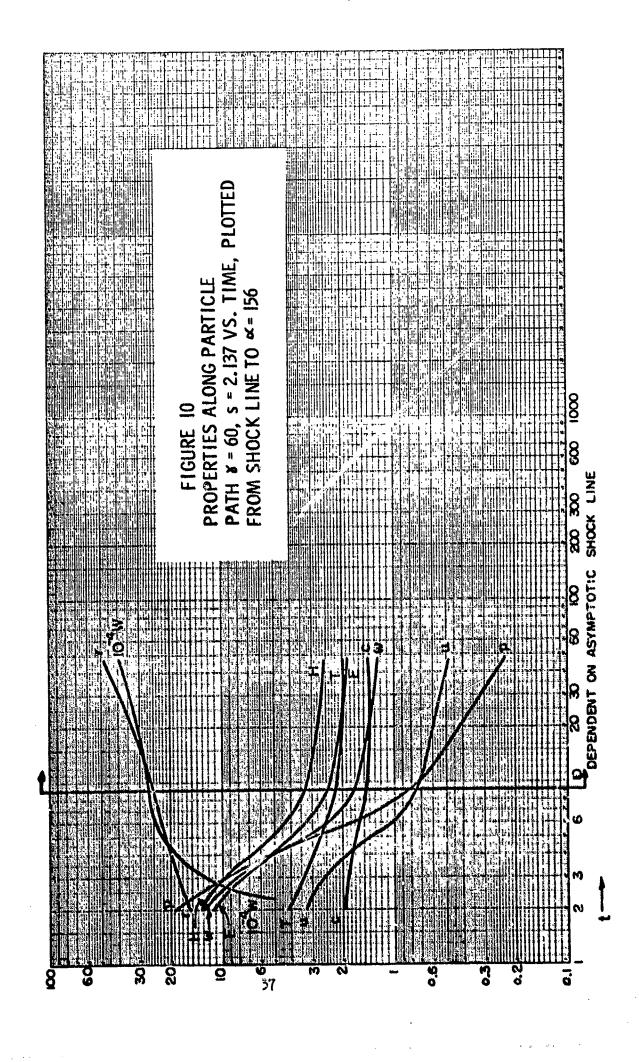
PROPERTIES ALONG POSITIVE SOUND PATH  $\approx$  = 156 (IN ASYMPTOTIC DOMAIN) VS. TIME, PLOTTED FROM 8 = 0 TO SHOCK LINE. FIGURE 8.

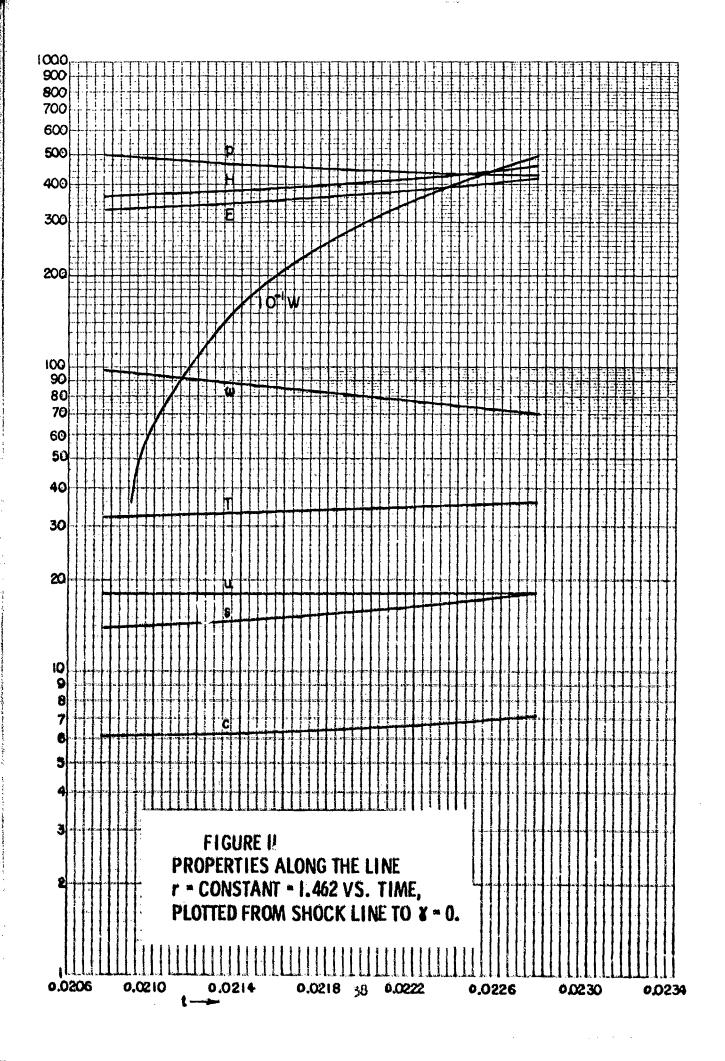


D 20 30 60 100

PEPENDENT ON ASYMPTOTIC SHOCK LINE PLOTTED FROM SHOCK LINE TO ∝ = 156. 0.06 0.1 0.02 0.03 2008 2008 0.0 89 8 8 **3**6

FIGURE 9. PROPERTIES ALONG PARTICLE PATH 8 = 0, s = 18.02 (CONTACT SURFACE) VS. TIME,





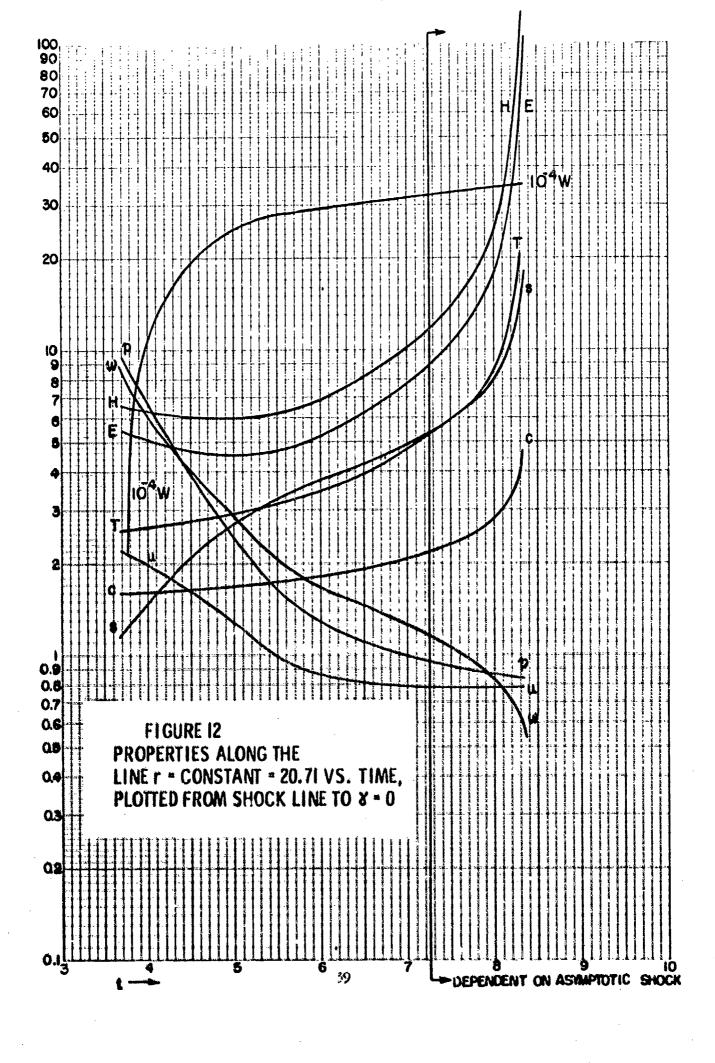


TABLE I-A

AND U	U-1	48.49 48 48 48 49 49 49 49 49 49 49 49 49 49 49 49 49	21.00 20.00 19.00 18.50	18.00 17.50 16.50	16.00 15.50 15.00	14.00 13.50 13.00 12.50	8288 8888 8888	10.00 9.500 8.800	8.800 8.200 8.200
Q	N	537.1 526.9 485.0 444.6	405.5 368.2 332.6 315.4	298.6 282.3 266.6 351.2	236.4 221.8 208.0 194.7	181.7 169.4 157.4 146.1	135.3 124.8 114.7 105.1	95.71 86.73 78.14 74.81	71.57 68.39 65.27 62.23
experimental data on	Ħ	584.5 573.5 528.2 484.6	442.6 402.6 364.4 345.9	327.9 310.4 293.6 277.0	261.0 245.4 230.4 215.9	201.9 188.4 175.3 162.8	150.8 139.3 128.2 117.5	107.3 97.43 88.04 84.41	80.86 77.38 75.97 70.64
THE TO EX	T-1	38.85 36.47 36.95 35.50	78.10 78.13 79.23 76.68	29.91 29.18 28.13 27.67	26.87 26.04 25.16 24.24	83.58 83.58 83.58 83.58	19.02 17.94 16.92 15.94	15.03 14.13 13.25 12.91	223 23 23 23 23 23 23 23 23 23 23 23 23
EQUATIONS AND CHRIE FITTED TO	w-1.4	128.8 127.3 121.2 115.1	108.8 102.5 96.25 93.14	88.93 86.93 83.73 86.93	7.5 75.88 46.97 8.97	66.99 61.36 59.88 59.88	77.78 71.78 57.78 10.01	46.17 45.30 40.45 39.33	38.80 37.99 34.89
QUATTONS A	C+1	6.644 6.570 6.274 5.992	5.128 5.253 5.212 5.091	4.970 8.648 4.721 4.599	4. 181 4. 376 4. 266 4. 150		3.474 3.321 3.164 3.009	2.858 2.714 2.576 2.576	2.2.469 2.3.566 2.3.566 3.15
	10 <sup>2</sup> s	1962 1764 1769 1635	1268 1268 1268 1268 1268 1268 1268 1268	4672 4672 4672 4672 4672 4672 4672 4672	252 253 263 263 263 263 263 263 263 263 263 26	10 66 10 70 10 70	922.4 835.7 848.5	4.52.5 4.55.5 88.1.8	66.8 651.6 67.6 67.6 67.6 67.6 67.6 67.6 67.6 6
COMPUTED FROM INCOMIOT	3	4492 4492	80.12 19.17 17.74	15.33 364.80	15.35	2888 8888	828 828 838 838 838	9.73 9.89 8.63 8.613	8.423 8.232 8.030 7.839
4.5	p,	618.4 739.4 679.4	619.7 563.6 510.1 484.3	25.00 110.9 187.8	4.52.6 252.6	263.1 263.1 245.5 285.5	211.2 195.0 179.5 166.5	156.2 136.2 125.2 116.2	11 12 12 14 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15
ERICAL PERO	10-3	0.0002171 0.0001291 0.0001291 0.0002659	0.0004446 0.0006794 0.0009918 0.001167	0.001k15 0.001682 0.001997 0.002768	0.002908 0.003335 0.003965 0.004725	0.00564 0.006755 0.008117 0.009792	0.01186 0.01446 0.01773 0.02191	0.02726 0.03k26 0.043k7 0.04785	0.05265 0.05247 0.06457 0.07179
TRS FOR SP	1-1	0.01527 0.06462 0.1622	0.2199 0.3499 0.54690 0.587	0.6637 0.7412 0.8247	0.9116 1.012 1.118 1.222	1.357 1.492 1.640 1.801	2.33 2.35 2.35 2.35 2.35 3.35 3.35 3.35	8 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	3.852 4.017 4.370
SECCK-LINE PARAMETERS FOR SPEERICAL PERFOLITE	ų	0.0006080 0.003448 0.006748	0.01064 0.01526 0.02077 0.02395	0.02743 0.03552 0.04022	0.05126 0.05175 0.05775 0.06504	0.07319 0.08237 0.09274 0.1045	6.1179 0.1333 0.1509 0.1716	0.1955 0.2236 0.2573 0.2721	0.2882 0.3056 0.235 0.355 0.355
<b>630C</b>	4 07 7	OHUM	a no r	∞∾ងដ	អ្នក្នុង	4544	ឧสଷဆ	3885	<b>RR</b> & <b>B</b>

PARIE 1-A. (Continued)

2.134 2.726 2.962 2.996 2.996 2.999 2.999 1.711 1.467 1.023 0.6181 6.921 6.451 5.996 5.557 1.575 1.300 0.8000 0.4487 6.332 6.727 7.242 6.723 6.723 7.242 7.242 7.243 8.482 7.243 8.482 0.2767 0.1904 0.1475 0.1201 11.51.5 11.411 11.211 11.211 11.211 11.222 11.022 11.9220 11.9 2.1.48 2.1.68 2. 0.6526 0.6526 0.6000 0.5526 0. HORR BURK ATTA 9 8% 6 4 8% 6 4 8% 74 150.2 171.2 17.2 14.2 14.2 11.236 5328 11.236 5328 11.236 6038 11.236 6038 12.236 12.236 12.236 12.236 13. 25.00 00000 00000 5994 8883 8888 4888 5884 8888 8888 8888 aged gage athe agai sigge gaed gage arest bear of 2363 2363 23.05 24.44 24.42 25.45 25.45 24.45 24.44 26.44 26.65 26.65 (Continued) 2538 2538 Sect and a 19.25 25.25 25.25 25.35 1-4-I KHIZ 4 2228 3836 3886 3974 3474

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8.200 7.850 7.450 7.090 82.53 92.53 93.53 38.62 20.47 20.72 20.72 20.72 28.52 22.52 20.73 9444 9464 9464 9464 9464 9464 11.01 10.85 14.01 24.80 23.65 23.65 20.05 20.05 57.57 54.72 32.27 30.15 27.45 25.15 25.22 21.48 20.12 16.65 27.71 47.34 28.74 20.31 103 SHOCK-LINE PARAMETERS FOR SPHERICAL PENTOLITE, COMPULED FROM HUGONIOF EQUATIONS AND KIRKWOOD-BRINKIEY'S ASYMPTOTIC SHOCK-FRONT LEGAY CURVE \$21.85 \$4.97 \$4.97 19.81 19.05 18.20 17.43 25.55 16.72 15.86 15.08 14.37 52.53 52.63 52.63 52.63 ガンス 47.5% 44.44.44 103(w-1.4) 103(T-1) 6.635 6.235 5.988 5.708 9.764 8.725.55 14.745.8 7.988 7.247 7.217 6.914 25.72 11.93 10.77 7.4.7. 7.22.0. 4.954. 7.17. 28.68 23.68 29.73 26.65 17.7 16.41 14.91 13.75 24.14 22.07 20.32 18.83 75.15 44.98 44.98 73.15 73.15 73.15 73.15 75.15 25.2 27.68 8.45.68 7.50 2.54 5.75 5.75 5.75 5.75 25.25 25.55 25.55 24.55 168.4 145.8 128.4 114.8 10<sup>3</sup>(c-1) 10.97 10.97 10.11 9.371 29.66 20.766 47.47 47.47 6.350 5.171 5.171 7.171 4.562 1.361 1.361 24.59.9 54.688.9 8.131 8.143 6.845 8.845 19.15 16.67 14.76 13.24 237.7 157.5 109.6 79.36 28.93 24.386 24.45 24.45 24.45 989.4. 989.7. 1.26 1.08 0.93 0.81 59.27 45.42 35.57 28.36 10<sup>6</sup>s 95.62 83.25 73.71 66.15 \$2.25 \$2.45 表。6年 27.87 27.87 24.87 21.70 29.62 27.73 25.85 22.43 21.80 21.80 21.80 19.57 18.83 18.01 17.25 35.35 41.25 41.25 41.25 141.8 122.5 107.9 96.33 27.73 26.66 25.49 24.41 87.05 72.25 67.44.79 38.23 52.83 8.83 23.25 ¥ 23.25 23.25 ¥ 23.25 23.25 £ 23.25 23.25 £ 23.25 28 28 29 28 30 15 2.293 3.201 4.322 5.678 7.292 9.185 11.380 15.90 82.95 111.20 128.30 39.75 48.45 58.33 69.48 26.77 20.01 25.61 29.16 150.0 167.0 189.1 213.0 238.9 276.6 318.0 363.4 439.0 469.0 499.0 529.0 269.0 209.0 209.0 229.0 249.0 269.0 289.0 309.0 329.0 349.0 379.0 409.0 50.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 679.0 709.0 739.0 769.0 799.0 839.0 879.0 919.0 786.7. 7.5.7. 7.5.7. 7.5.4. 7.5.4. 7.5.6. 7.5.6. 7.5.6. 7.6.6. 628.1 672.8 672.5 772.5 201.5 220.9 240.2 259.7 279.1 298.6 327.9 357.3 125.1 44.1 155.1 1.58.4 1.58.4 विविधि स्थाप के विविधि । 2544 SEE E 8838 8E88 38,7

	10 <sup>3</sup> (u-1)	6.760 6.450 5.920 5.470	5.080 4.740 4.450	3.950 3.740 3.550	3.220 3.080 2.830 2.610	2.430 2.270 2.130 2.000	1.890 1.790 1.700	1.410 1.300 1.210 1.113	1.050 0.9900 0.9300 0.8800	00 <del>1</del> 13°0
	10 E	8.089 7.726 7.088 6.5#5	6.078 5.663 5.312 5.001	4.721 4.467 4.237 4.034	3.848 3.675 3.377 3.119	2.04 2.04 2.04 2.04 2.04 2.04	2.260 2.023 1.842	1.686 1.577 1.441 1.336	1.257 1.181 1.116 1.055	0.9970
	10 <sup>3</sup> H	10.79 9.901 9.901	8.492 7.925 7.427 6.987	6.243 5.243 5.827 5.640	5.379 5.140 4.720 4.362	4.0.4 4.0.4 6.4.6	3.154 2.987 2.836 2.575	2.173 2.173 2.015 1.878	1.758	1.397
	3.0 <sup>7</sup> (T-1	4.1594 7.293 3.941 3.641	3.383 2.158 2.960 2.785	2.629 2.490 2.364 2.250	2.146 2.051 1.884 1.741	1.618 1.511 1.17 1.334	1.259 1.193 1.135 1.029	0.9419 0.8683 0.8051 0.7504	0.7024 0.6601 0.6225 0.5889	0.5586
	103(0-1.4) 1,03(1-1)	18.96 18.11 16.62 15.35	14.26 13.30 12.47 11.73	10.07 10.48 9.951 9.469	9,031 8,631 7,926 7,325	6.807 6.356 5.960 5.609	5.296 5.016 4.763	2.28 2.55 2.13 4.13 4.13 4.13 4.13 4.13 4.13 4.13 4	2.952 2.516 2.516 2.475	2.347
	103(0-1)	2.244 2.144 1.969 1.819	1.690 1.578 1.479 1.392	1.314 1.244 1.181 1.124	1.072 1.025 0.9414 0.8702	0.8088 0.7553 0.7082 0.6666	0.6295 0.5962 0.5682 0.5143	0.4706 0.4341 0.4025 0.3751	0.3511 0.3500 0.3112 0.2944	0.2793
	10 <sup>6</sup> s	04.0 45.0 →	•							
	10 <sup>3</sup> u	20.00 20.00 20.00 20.00	8.449 8.888 7.395 6.958	6.220 5.906 5.906 5.621	5.361 5.124 4.707 4.321	5.776 5.776 5.333	3.148 2.981 2.981 2.981	2.354 2.170 2.012 1.876	1.756	1.396
	10 <sup>3</sup> p	15.12 15.13 12.88 12.88	11.89 10.10 9.78	9.233 8.741 8.297 7.896	7.530 7.196 6.608 6.107	5.675 5.299 4.968 4.676	4.415 4.181.4 3.970 5.665	7.30 7.30 2.62 2.82 889	2.461 2.312 2.180 2.063	1.956
	10 <mark>-6</mark>	709.7 806.4 1025 1281	1575 1911 2295 2722	3733 3733 4322 4969	5678 6451 8202 10,240	12,600 15,290 16,340 21,770	25,610 29,870 34,570 45,420	28,530 75,480 91,050	134,200 160,100 189,100 221,500	257,300
	1-1	952 982 983 983 983	1599 1599 1799 1799	1899 1999 2099 2199	23.53 23.53	2999 2199 3599 3599	3739 3999 4199 4599	153 233 233 233 233 233 233 233 233 233 2	6599 7399 7399	8139
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-B.(Cont	*	200 H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H	1537	1835 1835 1835 1835 1835 1835 1835 1835	A A TO A	S H H H	25.55 29.55 4.75 4.75 4.75 4.75 4.75 4.75 4.75 4	1,928 1,728 1,728 1,227	6526 6926 7226 7277	8125
TABLE 1-B.(Continued)	8 or 1	4282	****	ង្គង្គង្គ	***	파 공격성장	ZEEE	3325 5	SEE SEE	77

TABLE II. PARAMETERS ON CONSTANT  $\alpha$  'S

	M	537	527 533	485 509 514	445 4667 490 490	102 128 149 171	924	368 389 410 431	452 457	333 353 373 393	413 433 438	315 325 365 545 645
A SECULIA	E H	£85	574 580	528 555 561	485 510 535 541	145 167 191 516	521	224 644 924 924	196 501	364 386 408 431	453 176 481	346 357 378 400
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TATTER ON B	T III	59.9	59.5	38.0 39.0 59.0	36.57 37.55 38.55 58.55 58.55	35.1 36.1 37.0 38.1	38.3	7.45 7.45 7.05 7.05 7.05	37.6 37.8	22.24 24.24 25.25 25.35 35 35.35 35 35 35 35 35 35 35 35 35 35 35 35 3	36.1 37.1 37.3	32.1 33.1 34.0
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TAST BOLL TO	0	7.64	7.57	7.27 7.51 7.56	7:58 7:458	6.72 6.93 7.15 7.38	7.43	6.46 6.66 6.87 7.08	7.51	6.23 6.50 6.83	7.02 7.24 7.29	6.09 6.18 6.38 6.57
TIPS AND	3	18.0	17.8 18.0	17.1 17.8 18.0	16.4 17.1 17.8 18.0	15.6 16.4 17.1 17.8	16.0	14.9 15.6 16.4 17.1	17.8	14.9 15.6 16.4	17.1 17.8 18.0	13.8 14.2 14.9 15.6
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	8	83.8 81.2 78.8 78.3	91.4 89.7 88.1 85.0	82.2 79.6 77.2 74.9	4.47	88.3 86.7 85.1 83.6	80.7 78.0 75.5	71.17	85.2 76.5 67.0	71.1 63.6 57.4 50.6	4.00 4.00 4.00 7.11 7.00	36.6
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	Ø	16.4 17.1 17.8 18.0	13.4 13.8 14.2 14.9	15.6 16.4 17.1 17.8	18.0	13.51 14.88 6.41	15.6 17.1 17.1	17.8 18.0	12.7 14.9 18.0	0.534 8.0 6.0	9.22 1.34 7.44	18.0
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nued)	<u>p</u> ,	5555	22,828	是在是名	944	5222	£\$\$	ជ្ជជ្	33%	\$ <b>%</b> %\$	1388	207
a 'S (Continued)	10	0.000266 0.000129 9.0000217 0	0.00142 0.0019 0.006992 0.000679	0.000445 0.00266 0.000129 0.000217	0	0.00168 0.00142 0.00119 0.000992	0.000679 0.000445 0.000266 0.000129	0.0000217	0.00200 0.000679 0	0.00473 0.00200 0.000679 0	0.0119 0.00200 0.00200	٥
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PARAMETERS	43	0.0192 0.0185 0.0176 0.0175	0.0274 0.0264 0.0255 0.0250	0.0227 0.0217 0.0206 0.0202	0.020	0.0313 0.0302 0.0292 0.0283	0.0267 0.0255 0.0245 0.0236	0.0230	0.0355 0.0296 0.0259	0.055 0.0563 0.0509 0.0475	0.118 0.102 0.0938 0.0891	0.0862
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	н	15.1 16.6 22.5 25.7	28.6 32.0	12.9 14.5 17.8 21.5	24.8 27.8 31.0	11.1 12.4 14.0 17.1	20.8 24.0 27.0 30.2	9.19 10.6 11.9 13.5	16.5 19.9 23.3 26.3	4.62	7.34 8.69 10.0 11.3
	8	39.2 34.2 30.7	27.7	27.4 24.8 30.5 26.7	23.9 21.6 19.2	32.1 30.2 24.6	21.6 19.3 17.4 15.5	27. 27.4. 27.8 20.8	19.5 17.2 15.3 13.7	12.2	22.8 19.4 18.1
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c a 'S (Conti	10 <sup>-3</sup>	0.0343 0.0119 0.00473 0.00200	0.000679	0.0547 0.0345 0.0119 0.00473	0.00200 0.000679 0	0.110 0.0647 0.0343 0.0119	0.00473 0.00200 0.000679	0.195 0.110 0.0647 0.0543	0.0019 0.00273 0.00200 0.000679	0	0.360 0.195 0.110 0.0647
PABLE II. PARAMETERS ON CONSTANT	H	\$244 ******	だね。	25.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4	444	\$ <b>£</b> 48	4444 885-4		77777 8520	5.61	9.19 9.39 9.49 9.49
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are ii.	^	กลหล	no	2882	940	<i>w</i> 8%%	<b>2220</b>	GRAR	8222	٥	****
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a*S (Continue	10-7	0.0343 0.0119 0.00473	6.000679	0.638 0.195	0.0647 0.0343 0.0119 0.00473	0.00200	0.00 0.588 0.380 193	0.110 0.0647 0.0345 0.0119	0.00475 0.00200 0.000679 0	1.57 0.68
EASE II. PARAMETERS OF CONSTANT	. þi	7.19 6.91 8.80 1.80	9 99 C 61	. 4.01 5. 4.02 5. 6. 6. 6. 6. 6. 6. 6. 6. 6. 6. 6. 6. 6.	೧೯೩೪ ೧೯೩೪	8.07 9.07 9.05	5.53 5.54 5.54 5.54	8628	ಸ್ಥಾನಕ್ಕೆ ಪ್ರಕೃತ್ತಿಕ್ಕೆ ಪ್ರಕೃತಿಕ್ಷ ಪ್ರಕೃತಿಕ್ಷ ಪ್ರಕೃತ್ತಿಕ್ಕೆ ಪ್ರಕೃತ್ತಿಕ್ಕೆ ಪ್ರಕೃತಿಕ್ಷ ಪ್ರಕೃತಿಕ್ಷ ಪ್ರಕೃತಿಕ್ಷ ಪ್ರಕೃತಿಕ್ಷ ಪ್ರಕೃತಿಕ್ಷ ಪ್ರಕೃತಿಕ್ಷ ಪ್ರಕೃತಿಕ್ಷ ಪ್ರಕೃತಿಕ್ಷ ಪ್ರಕೃತಿಕ್ಷ ಪ್ರಕೃತಿಕ್ಷ ಪ್ರಕೃತಿಕ್ಷ ಪ್ರಕೃತಿಕ್ಷ ಪ್ರಕೃತಿಕ್ಷ ಪ್ರಕೃತಿಕ್ಷ ಪ್ರಕೃತಿಕ್ಷ ಪ್ರಕೃತಿಕ್ಷ ಪ್ರಕೃತಿಕ್ಷ ಪ್ರಕೃತಿಕ್ಷ ಪ್ರಕ್ಷ ಪ್ರಕೃತಿಕ್ಷ ಪ್ರಕೃತಿಕ್ಷ ಪ್ರಕೃತಿಕ್ಷ ಪ್ರಕೃತಿಕ್ಷ ಪ್ರಕ್ಷ ಪ್ರಕೃತಿಕ್ಷ ಪ್ರಕೃತಿಕ್ಷ ಪ್ರಕ್ತ ಪ್ರಕ್ಷ ಪ್ರಕ್ಷ ಪ್ರಕ್ತ ಪ್ರಕ್ಷ ಪ್ರಕ್ತ ಪ್ರಕ್ಷ ಪ್ರಕ್ತ ಪ್ರಕ್ಷ ಪ್ರಕ್ಷ ಪ್ರಕ್ಷ ಪ್ರಕ್ತ ಪ್ರಕ್ತ ಪ್ರಕ್ತ ಪ್ರಕ್ತ ಪ್ರಕ್ತ ಪ್ರಕ್ತ ಪ್ರಕ್ತ ಪ್ರಕ್ತ ಪ್ರಕ್ತ ಪ್ರಕ್ತ ಪ್ರಕ್ತ ಪ್ರಕ್ತ ಪ್ರಕ್ತ ಪ್ರಕ್ತ ಪ್ರಕ್ತ ಪ್ರಕ್ತ ಪ್ರಕ್ತ ಪ್ರ ಪ್ರಕ್ತ ಪ್ರಕ್ತ ಪ್ರಕ್ತ ಪ್ರಕ್ತ ಪ್ರ ಪ್ರಕ್ತ ಪ್ರ ಪ್ರ ಪ್ರಕ್ತ ಪ್ರ ಪ್ರಕ್ತ ಪ್ರ ಪ್ರ ಪ್ರ ಪ್ರ ಪ್ರ ಪ್ರ ಪ್ರ ಪ್ರ ಪ್ರ ಪ್ರ	15.0
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2 : I	•	- <b>88</b> 2	g ~	o 833;	888 x	3 320	. <i>የ</i> ነሄታ፤	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	కి చక్కాం	
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	н	26.7 31.7 37.2 45.1	. 62.4 81.8 105 138	194	10.1	19.6 23.9 28.5 33.7	41.2 57.9 76.6 98.8 131	7.24 8.64 10.1 11.6	13.5 17.1 21.0 25.4
	10 <sup>-3</sup> 4	. 241 161 172 181	190 194 196 197	198	0 16.2 84.1 116	152 175 190 200	208 220 222 224 225	0 56.4 97.0 128	155 187 207 221
	H	7.39 8.65 9.91 11.5	14.0 16.7 20.1 23.3	26.3	5.5.4.4 5.5.9.5 5.9.5	5.87 7.03 8.26 9.50	11.1 13.6 16.1 19.4 22.7	9.5.5. 2.5.5. 4.0.5.5.	4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.
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	2	50.44 20.45 61.15 61	8,873 3,444 4,444	£.%	99% 986	よなが. 数なな?	ようよう なでける ある	23.00 23.00	3365 7366
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TABLE II. BARAMETERS ON CONSTANT O 'S (Continued)	10-5	0.195 0.110 0.0647 0.0343	0.0119 0.00473 0.00200 0.000679	0	2.37 1.97 0.696	0.195 0.110 0.0647	245 0.0119 0.00203 0.002679	5875 6875 6875	0.696 0.195 0.110
ON CONSTANT	H	11.01.01 8.00.01 8.00.01	10.1 10.0 9.99	8 5 5	# 000 P	on sign	न्युन् ००० यत्रात्त्वत्	20.0 113.0 16.1 16.1	NAKU NAKU
BARAMETERS	ų	38A2 1111	សូសស្ត ខ	7.7	98538 98538	2229	222825 555555	282X 5554	8488 6661
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Ħ	30.2 24.4 37.4 30.4 53.4 44.2 71.3 59.5						2.85 3.67 2.67 4.60 5.70 5.61	6.69 7.89 9.39 12.2 9.58	15.5 12.1
10-3w	230 237 245 245	251 252 253	0 65.8 11.1 3.45	171 194 222 240	252 260 267 274	278 280 281 282	0 76.4 126 162	190 211 231 255	241 282 283 293
E	9.05 10.6 13.1 15.4	13.6 21.1 25.0	2.22 2.52 3.23	7. 64 7. 12 6. 21	7.35 8.54 10.1 12.6	14.7 17.7 21.2 24.3	2.76 2.28 2.38 2.39	2.93 3.32 4.79 69	7.65.7 1.83.8
8	5.55 5.08 4.47 5.05	8.4.5.9 41.5.9	7.23 7.03 6.75 6.46	6.0.0.4 8.8.8 8.8.8	44.55 12.83 3.35	20.00 20.00	7.5.83 4.8883	4.66 4.23 3.87	ν. 88.5
ပ	8£538	283 444	1.48	1.88 2.198 33 33	2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.	5642 2423	1.53	1.78 1.78 2.10	9.5°
Ø	6.36 7.36 9.22 11.0	12:7 14:9 18:0	0.18 1.28 1.38 1.39	ያ <b>ጜ ጜ</b> ታ &	9.4.6.9 8888	11.0 12.9 16.0	0.397 0.785 1.88	44.84.8 48.48	#. ?. 83.7
3	7.7.7. 1.2.2.7.	***	38.5.9.9. 8.2.9.9.	9999 1348	4.0.0.0 4.0.0.0 4.0.0.0	5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5	4.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1	1.92 1.92 1.02	1.07
(pan	11.9 2.0 2.0	12.0 12.0 12.0	6.76 7.05 7.27 7.42	2.5 2.5 3.5 3.5 3.5 3.5 3.5	0.00.00 4.00.00 4.00.00	*************************************	4747 8838	***** 5997 001	44. 43.
PARAMETERS OR CONSTANT $c^*S$ (Continue $t$ $10^{-3}$ $c$	0.0647 0.0343 0.0119 0.00473	0.00200 0.000679 0	6.45 7.75 1.57	1.07 0.698 0.360 0.195	0.110 0.0647 0.0343 0.0119	0.00473 0.00200 0.000 <b>6</b> 79	25.5 2.73.65 27.73	. 6.6.97 888 888 888	0.19% 0.110
es or constant	अस्त्रं इ.स.स.	ट ट	8.4.4.8. 8.4.6.8.	23.24 20.24	444	ក្នុងក្នុង សម្តាស់ស្ត	8.8.8.4 \$.6.4.4	18.00 17.01	16.4
EARANGET.	8888	888	3.3.4.4 \$1.8.8	50000 50000	9.45 3888	6666 6666	さいいさ	ark ark ark	**** ***
TABLE II.	ሄୃଷ୍ଟ	gno	<b>6633</b>	አያ <b>ታ</b> ን	8888	on RK	8550	8883	388

1.00 00011 1 2444 22000 00000 11111 10 00000 00000 2188 4 2438 8388 6488 8628 4544 4 68614 \$\frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2} \frac Rege o Buka Koko Kela nyak ku 00111 11111 Rege o Buka Koko Kela nyak ku 00111 11111 BARNATURE OR CONSTANT a 'S (Continued) 5444 6444 665 6000 6144 6444 664444 664444 66444 66444 66444 66444 66444 66444 66444 66444 66444 66444 664444 66444 66444 66444 66444 664444 66444 66444 664444 66444 664444 66444 66444 66444 66444 66444 66444 66444 66444 66444 66444 6 9998 8 2344 burk burk burk 22 BBL6 RBKS JIKK **2884 5888** 8 દ્ધ

5)

<b>A</b>	4.42 6.07 8.07 10.4	13.1 17.3 28.1 41.0	55.6 76.7 11.7	0.140 0.229 0.421 0.700	1.05 1.98 1.59		9.50 12.0 15.1 26.3	58.7 73.0 12.2
ш	5.88 8.01 10.7 13.7	2000 4.000 4.000 1.000	66.9 92.0 137	0.190 0.506 0.551	1.39 1.97 1.84 1.85	4.19 7.25 9.78	18.00 20.00 20.00 20.00	47.4 63.8 87.9 132
10-3w	274 204 307 316	323 328 334 337	33 24 25 24 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27	0 38.6 96.9 145	181 210 234 253	268 263 302 315	324 336 342	2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3
H	7.65 7.67 7.67	6.72 8.19 10.7 12.5	14.6 18.3 21.7	1.07	1.69 1.69 2.94 2.94	8.8.4 12.69 13.4.	5.37 6.38 7.81 10.4	12.2 14.1 17.7 21.2
9	1.18 7.73 7.73	1.12	0.922 0.792 0.681	1.89 2.99 2.99	2.00 1.98 1.83	1.76 1.56 1.39	1.28 1.17 1.05 0.885	0.736 0.630 0.630
v	1.65.5 2.59 2.29	4.55.5. 2.50.5.5.	7.37 19.37 190	1.03	11.23	211.5% 21.69 20.99 20.99	%; %; %; %; %; %; %; %; %; %; %; %; %; %	~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~
s	55.55 25.65	6.36 7.36 11.0	12.7 14.9 18.0	0.00135 0.0118 0.111	0.785 1.88 1.68 2.14	8888 8888	79.79 8888 8888	11.0 12.7 14.9 18.0
3	0.989 1.0893 1.08	0.993 0.993 0.983 0.976	0.973 0.971 0.969	0.172 0.277 0.435 0.548	0.624 0.677 0.717 0.746	0.77 0.79 0.81 0.82 0.82	0.000 4200 9100 9100 9100	0.816 0.815 0.814 0.814
A	11111 8845	2088 2088	822	0.267 0.421 0.610 0.725	0.736 0.861 0.913 0.960	8613	821.11	2223
10-7 <sub>m</sub>	0.698 0.360 0.110	0.0547 0.0343 0.0119 0.00473	0.000679	62 147 133-8 12-5	1.273	1.07 0.698 0.360 0.195	0.110 0.0647 0.0343 0.0119	0.00473 0.00200 0.000679 0
H	25.1 19.9 18.7	18.4 17.9 17.8	17.7	12.88 12.88 12.88	80.94 80.94	2848	19.8 19.5 19.3	64 64 64 64 64 64 64 64 64 64 64 64 64 6
*	7777 8888	8488	7.4 834	69.4 27.1 20.0 13.8	1.11 9.65 7.97	5.5.3.5 2.5.8.5 2.5.8.5 3.5.6.5 5.6.	3337 2888	አልぷቴ ՆՆՆՆ
	8332	2832	gne	883	<b>6523</b>	ድደደብ	8322	พิลีพอ

&

0.120 0.155 0.288 0.488 10-34 0 15.8 49.9 105 5883 37.28 99999 77888 4999 10.2 12.0 13.8 17.4 0.757.0 2.77.0 4.69.0 0.566 1.16 1.16 1.06 0.952 5.95.5 7882 99999 8888 8848 1111 3400 885% 0.000383 0.00135 0.0118 0.111 なながら おおおれ 48.8% \$5.00 \$5.00 \$4.00 \$4.00 \$4.00 \$4.00 \$5.00 \$6.00 3000 3000 3000 3000 3000 3000 60.00 60 RAMMERS OF CONSTANT a 15 (Continued) \* 2300 xxxx xxxx xxxx yxxx Ħ arre erro THE ö

TABLE IT

PARAMETERS ON CONSTANT 1'S

(First RCM of Inch ? Beforesies seck-like values, and last RCM reference values on the sound face lpha=91 bounding the experimental domain.) 1268 7486 8469 8844 1468 74886 8469 88443 मध्यम् । 8248 8288 8388 8454 5464 A 83.6 112 174 174 1.25.7. 1.25.7. 1.4.7.8. 1.6.8.9. 867.68 867.68 867.68 28.28 4.68.5 4.66.9 25.75 25.75 25.75 25.75 dogo i ingo grad ingo 5868 8483 400 6484 なおじゃ ふっかっ は必然だ kerb Vivio 50 000 60 000 10 000 なるでは 8.33.23 4.10.24 ななない 4689 4689 96.59 66.59 74.59 74.59 0001 38888 यम्बर 2208 2222 2222 ပရွင

TABLE III. RARNETERS ON CONSTANT 7 'S (Continued)

ជ	368 353 345 337	329 321 281 241	204 185 171 157	151 151 151 17	111 104 97.6 90.5	82.8 76.7 73.2 71.8
Ħ	403 386 378 370	362 353 312 271	231 196 188	168 174 178 138	131 124 116 108	99.2 92.0 86.1 86.1
10-34	0.959 1.50 2.08	2.71 2.40 8.01 16.0	31.8 46.0 61.5 82.4	110 147 173 197	224 272 281 308	729 740 747 758
e	33.7 33.3 32.8	30.05 4.05 50.05	28.6 27.1 27.0 26.3	25.45 4.55 5.55 5.55	22.7 22.0 21.2 20.3	19.3 18.3 17.7 17.4
Э	20 49 40 50 50 50	80.7 76.5 57.4 41.3	27.7 21.6 17.4 13.7	10.5 7.68 6.18 5.05	4.04 7.14 1.69	1.13 0.792 0.630 0.564
ပ	6.56 5.56 5.56 5.56 5.56	6.28 6.28 5.95 5.95	かんがん	,,,,,,, %,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	4444 29.43	4444 8697 8697
3	19.2 18.5 17.8 17.8	17.4 17.1 15.1	10.7 9.39 7.40	6.39 4.79 29	8.20 8.20 8.20 8.20 8.20 8.20 8.20 8.20	1.51 0.971 0.614 0.787
Ωı					15.1 12.9 16.9 16.9 16.9 16.9	
			,			
\$4	naid Naid	4983 4440		1 699 9 1 699 9		9.5.00 9.00 9
44	0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000	00000 00000000000000000000000000000000	0000 20000	8,668	न्नल <i>्</i> इस् <i>र</i> ह	
8	ino ma	୬ ବସ୍କୁ	o www.	\$ \$2 <i>88</i> 6	3 2522	చిత్తింది.

TABLE I	II. Paramen	TABLE III. PARAMETERS ON CONSTANT 7 'S		(Continued)							
,	ð	ų	H	<b>A</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>ບ</b>		9		E	T 10-3w
7.4	338	0.355	±8.5	188 388	16.3	٠ \$\frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2}	80.00 T	<i>เก่า</i> กัก	29.4 28.3 27.5		29.4 28.3
9	9 %	0.169	なが	138	10.5	5.56	7.00			25.7	25.7 29.6
	ደ	0.238	4.12	504	4.8	5.15	25.9			හ. බේ.	O·計 8·抗
	, e	000	161 141	9.83 5.65	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	y-4- 3 & 9	۲ ا بازی بازی			:08 :08	2.5 5.00 5.00 5.00 5.00 5.00 5.00 5.00 5
	Ţ,	\$ 2	o.f3		36.0	• • •	i		ŧ.		801
	8	0.816	8.10	53.0	\$. \$8	22.4	8.60		4.12		145
	23	2.9	9.9	26.0	<b>2</b>	S	96.9		20.7		172
	84	12.1	8, c	20.7	20 CC	4 - 7 - 7 - 7	v. 5.6		70.7 76.7		1,55 2,55 2,55 2,55 2,55 2,55 2,55 2,55
	<b>)</b>					-					į
	5 ¥		12.2	7 0 15	ر د د د د د د	2 o	3 27		17.7		7 8 7
	ිසි	8.	15.1		2,15	4.15	1,8		16.7		307
	82	5. K	16.6	S. K	٦. ا	8.8	1.35		15.5		328
	6	4.65	17.7	1.90	0.973	के. के.	0.922		14.6		339
	<b>ಹಿ</b> ಕ	in o	18.9 19.1	1.01	0.187	÷2.0	0.47 0.04 0.04 0.04		13.8		£ 4%

NBLE III, PARAMETERS ON CONSTANT 7 'S (Continued)

			111 99.5 89.1			
•	щ	216 186 156	127 116 104 93.4	87.0 81.8 76.6 71.3	000 4 00 04 05 05	4°24 4°24
	10-3 <sub>W</sub>	0 9.15 26.0 40.7	56.6 77.9 106 143	169 194 220 249	278 306 327 337	245 245
	E	25.9 22.9 22.5 21.5	20.8 19.9 18.0	17.3 16.7 16.1 15.4	14.7 13.0 13.0 13.0	44 9.0
	3	1.0% 2.4% 6.0% 7.0%	21.6 17.2 13.2 9.75	7.90 5.48 5.20 4.05	8.04 1.17 1.01	0.796
	ပ	5.15 4.99 4.71	4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	4 4 4 4 5 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	85.5.4. 8.0.4.	3.32 3.29
	Ħ	13.9 12.3 10.3 9.18	8.25 7.30 4.30 5.35 7.35	4.77 7.27 3.25	2.72 2.15 1.51 0.976	0.816
Continued)	ρι	302 210 135 103	81.0 62.6 46.6 33.0	25.9 20.7 16.0	8. 4.2.2. 9.9.9.	1.25
	Н	20 a g c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c	4.88 5.73 6.80 8.14	9.11 10.0 11.1 12.3	13.6 15.2 16.7 17.8	18.9 19.8
PARAMETERS ON CONSTANT 7 'S	t	0.0650 0.102 0.176 0.245	0.382 0.151 0.589 0.820	5 2 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	2.27 3.73 4.66	まる.
	ধ	72 G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G	<i>2</i> 348	76.655 70.55	97 97 97	86.4
TABLE III.	( 2 P)	15 11.0 0.00473				

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TABLE III. BARAMETERS ON CONSTANT 7 'S (Continued)

Ħ	135 112 99.1	7.97 7.07 6.1.67	8343 vano	25. 25. 26. 26. 26. 26. 26. 26. 26. 26. 26. 26	25.6
Ħ	151 126 113 102	98.0 12.6 67.0	98 4.05 4.05 4.05 8.05	44.1 295.2 25.2	32.3
10-3º	0 18.4 33.9 50.4	72.2 101 138 165	190 217 245 274	302 323 324 326 326	346
Ħ	20.0 18.6 17.8	16.5 15.7 15.0 14.5	14.0 13.6 12.1 12.1	12.0	10.2
3	28.05.49 4.05.04 7.05.00	19.5 14.9 10.9 8.78	7.18 5.75 4.47 3.35	2.39 1.60 1.11 0.885	0.795
ဎ	4.29 4.18 4.08	3.3.8 3.75 7.75	ひろう でなずだ	8.50.50 8.00.00 8.00.00	2.98
я	11.88.89.86 9.89.89.80.89	7.18 6.26 5.31 47.4	4.25 3.75 2.24 2.24 2.24	2.14 1.51 0.983 0.819	0.786
<b>A</b>	22 134 103 103 103	87.4% 6.2.0.6.	20.6 16.0 1.9 84.8	5.73 1.25 1.25	1.00
\$4	9 44 4. 9 45 45 9 45 45	<b>%</b> द ५ ४ ४	irr irr	7,3,7,2 4,6,0,0	19.9
43	0.118 0.191 0.258 0.258	0.600 0.850 1.6	11113 2482 2683	9 4.4 4. 8 6.8 8	7.00
ಆ	8888	<i>AR</i> 22	338	<i>8988</i>	ಧ
12 M	80 9.22 0119		<i>'</i> .		

TABLE III. EMBANETERS ON CONSTANT 7 'S (Continued)

戶	86.7 76.8 8.9 61.0	45.45 4.5.44 4.45	25.59 4.05.59 4.05.75	20.0 17.3 16.1 15.5	28 44 26 44	8 4 8 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	24.4 21.4 18.3	244 466.
Ħ	97.4 87.0 78.6 70.3	68.00 4.95.00 1.00	41.2 33.4.4 29.6	2008 2008 2009 2009	45 6.65 6.65 7.65	45.0 40.7 37.2	20 26.2 23.3 19.8	17.2 15.9 15.3
10-34	0 17.6 35.7 59.1	89.5 128 156 181	208 237 267 296	317 328 336 340	0 19.9 45.1 77.3	118 146 172 200	230 260 289 311	323 330 335
EH	15.1 14.5 14.0 13.5	8.24 8.34 7.4 7.4	11.1 10.6 10.1 9.50	8.80 8.19 7.81 7.65	3311 64.65	10.7 10.9 10.9	9.8.5. 2488	6.72 6.38 6.23
9	28.0° 28.0° 28.0°	8.5.3 8.9.9.5 1.00	6.71 5.08 2.76	1.86 1.31 1.05 0.95	37.3 30.2 23.8 18.1	13.3 10.7 8.81 7.09	7.4.6. 7.1.4.8.	1.45
ပ	5.50 5.50 5.40 5.40 5.40 5.40 5.40 5.40	8.55. 8.53. 71.	2.000 1.9.000	9.99 9.99 9.99	2000 K	22.00.00 8.90.00 8.90.00	2.83 2.76 2.67 2.57	2.39
ជ	9.28 8.43 7.71 6.93	8 5 5 4 8 5 8 5 5 8 5 7 4 4	5.5.0 5.0.0	0.993 0.993 0.785 0.785	8.59 5.69 5.93	5.10 5.13 5.67	5.59 5.59 1.18	0.999 0.824 0.783
Α	136 103 81.5 62.6	4.64.4 20.75.7 20.4	15.8 11.8 3.40 5.53	3.22 1.85 1.23 0.987	194 88.56 15.66 15.66	32.5 25.5 20.3 15.7	11.7 8.32 7.47 3.18	1.81 1.21 0.975
14	4.21 4.79 5.40 6.18	7.19 8.48 9.42 10.3	4.12 15.51 2.51 2.51	17.0 18.1 19.3 20.1	81.7.5.5. E. 4.3.1.	8.75 9.67 10.6	15:3 15:7 17:2	18.1 20.5 4.05
<b>. 44</b>	0.224 0.290 0.365 0.472	0.628 0.858 1.05	पंज थं पश्चित्र संश्रम्	64.3 8.43 8.43 8.43	0.339 0.505 605 605	0.89 1.08 1.29 1.39	។ <i>៤៧</i> ខុំស្កីទទិ	4.80 6.10 7.16
ধ	#2 #2 #3	<i>\$484</i>	\$2£8	<b>ಹಿಜ್</b> ಹಿಕ	8833	<i>ሄ</i> የአ <u>୧</u> ୧	8538	£&4
10-3	(7.36 (0.0343)				8×3.			

TABLE III. BABANETERS ON CONSTANT 7 'S (Continued)

	-	0				<b>.</b> . <b>S</b>			
	ಕ	አያ <sub>ራ</sub> ያ	<i>K</i> 836	5882	<b>&amp;</b> &	358%	3255	8388	ಜ
,			пппп	<b>1961 1979</b>					•
	٠.	0.00 0.70 0.92 0.93	5 15 15 4 1 15 15 4	4888	5.19	0.608 0.765 0.997 1.19	9.50 64.50 64.50	7.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5	24.7
•	<b>le</b>	6.19 7.89 8.99	9.9 10.9 11.9	14.4 15.9 17.5 18.7	19.8 20.7	5.88 8.88 8.50 7.	11.5 12.2 14.8 14.8	16.4 17.9 19.1 20.3	2.12
٠. ه	3,	요 4.4.0 년	25.3 20.1 15.6 11.6	434F	0.960	61.9 45.7 1.75 1.75	19.9 4.51 8.15 5.11	7.7. 7.9. 1.1.2. 3.05.	0.938
;	3	7.89 6.45 5.75 4.97	4.48 5.62 5.13 5.13	929. 1.1. 1.8.	0.823 0.780	, v, 4, 4, 7, k, 8, 4,	8385 8386 8386 8386 8386 8386 8386 8386	2.07 1.49 1.00 0.820	0.773
¢	ני	3.0.0.0 20.0.0.0 20.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0	2.83 2.73 2.65	ળ ળ ળ ળ જે જે જે જે	2.23	86.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00	0 0 0 0 8 5 5 5 5	2000 2000 4004 4004	2.08
Ş	3	28 1.28 1.4.01 1.4.01	1.0 84.0 9.0 9.0	7.78 2.29 2.23 7.77	1.28	27.3 21.0 15.4 12.5	10.2 8.26 6.48 4.92	3.56 11.70 1.39	1.27
6-	4	10.01 10.0	9.08 8.65 7.83	7.35 6.80 6.19 5.67	5.37	9.19 8.69 11.77	7.39 6.63 6.04 6.04	7.7.7.4 6.7.4 7.4.7.4 7.4.7.4	<b>式</b>
•	•					0 28.2 4.48 116			
Þ	<b>4</b> .	8 8 4 4 5 4 8 6	4.28 28.5.7 2.4.0	22.3 19.2 15.0	12.5 12.2	78.7 33.0 29.5	26.7 23.9 21.0 18.3	15.5 12.7 10.7 9.78	6.41
Œ	ą	0,4 kg kg 8,0 kg kg	29.22 26.22 20.54 20.55	17.7 15.0 12.3 10.4	9.50	38.4 33.2 27.9 24.7	22.1 19.6 17.0 14.6	12.1 9.77 8.07 7.33	ಕ.7

	ជ	27.20.83 8.60.60.60	1.6.1. 9.5.9 8.5.9	5.53	18.9 16.7 12.9	7.40 5.65	4.42 3.91 3.72
	Ħ	28.29.29.29.29.29.29.29.29.29.29.29.29.29.			22.3 19.8 17.7 15.6		
	10 <sup>-3</sup> #	0 72.3 87.6 119	152 187 222 255	280 294 302 307	0 41.5 78.2 116	155 194 231 260	274 283 288
	E		2.5.5.4 2.4.3.9	4.000 8.000 8.000	5.63 5.34 5.07 4.79	4.49 4.15 3.79 3.39	2000 2000 2000 2000
	8	8.8 15.6 1.1	8.57.7.5.5. 9.533 9.93	%;;;; \$\$\$ 4%	16.4 14.8 16.9 18.9 18.0	5.5.4 5.8.3 5.8.3 5.8.3	2.01 1.66 1.53
	ပ	9.0.0.0 9.4.3.3.	2.26 2.26 2.19 2.10	11.98	25.59 45.59 51.59 51.59	25.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00	1.71
	ដ	5.21 4.57 4.15 5.78	2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 200	0.993 0.811 0.761	4.28 3.57 3.24	%3.43 %3.43	0.969 0.791 0.738
ontinued)	શ	45.2 24.8 19.7	15.2 11.3 7.19 5.19	2.95 1.65 1.11 0.98	4.44 4.54 4.64	11.0 7.76 5.03 2.83	1.76 1.05 0.851
<u>ల</u>		<b>N</b> u			-		
· / 三	fe .	9.17	5.44 6.44 7.74 6.05 7.74	84 6.99 6.19 6.19	4544	5.55 5.05 5.05 5.05 5.05 5.05 5.05 5.05	288
TABLE III. PARAMETERS ON CONSTANT 7 'S	<b>c</b> i	9.0 0.1.1 5.1.4	2.53 4.53 5.54 5.54	4.7.0.7. 5.6.4.8.	1.28	99994 8988	5.69 7.06 8.14
. PARAME	8	<i>\$888</i>	8436	<b>శ్రీ</b> శాఖి	8888	5 <i>1</i> 28 <i>2</i>	282
TABLE III	(10-3-)	(3.99 (0.350)			88 88 88		

THE THE	. PARAMETERS ON CONSTANT ?	ON CONSTANT	ry's (Continued)	ned)							
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	5882	4.3.4.6 6.93.68	17.5 19.0 20.7 22.1	7.67 7.67 1.49 1.49	2.31 1.87 1.37 0.945	9:1:1 88:39 8:68	6.19 3.00 21.2	~~ \$%\$%	17.1 11.2 5.45 8.75	4.66.94 4.66.94 4.7.4	7.87 6.25 4.68 3.57
	গুর	7.48 8.36	23.3 24.1	0.828 0.828	0.771 0.718	7.7. 7.7.	1.76	2.5 4.5	268.	4.19 3.99	2.13
2.14 1.57	3355	9.9.9.4. 2.5.5.4.	15.0 16.0 17.1 18.5	18.8 14.4 10.7 7.45	મ્યું લું લું કું કું કું કું કું કું કું કું	1.33	13.5 10.9 8.53 6.46	<b>22.00</b>	0 48.2 97.0 145	13.4 11.7 10.1 8.36	11.3 9.77 8.28 6.78
	ශීයයිහි	4.15 5.53 7.97 7.97	8.5.4 2.2.8 2.4.4 3.4.4	2.65 1.42 0.960	1.81 1.33 0.917 0.748	11.78	4.66 3.13 2.20 1.83	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	190 225 243 253	6.5.6.6 8.6.6.6 8.6.6.6.6 8.6.6.6.6.6 8.6.6.6.6	v.v.g.g 4884
	g,	9.06	25.2	962.0	0.695	1.45	1.70	2,15	258	3.18	2.36
2.34 2.34	25£8	9004 9084	17.5 1.61 1.7.12	14.1 10.4 7.27 4.65	2.81 2.48 2.12 1.73	1.79 1.66 1.59	11.4 8.93 6.75 4.87	2.000 2.136.25	0 7.4. 111 162	10.1 8.6 5.7 5.6 10.0	8.42 7.14 5.80 4.49
	<b>ಸಿಕಾ</b> ಕ	5.73 8.65 4.75 9.74	55 4 55 55 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	2.55 1.35 0.913 0.760	1.27 0.880 0.717 0.665	1111 222 232 242 242 242 243 243 243 243 243	3.26 2.29 1.92 1.78	2.03 1.94 1.89	202 223 234 234 239	* w o o d 8 4 3	٧. ٩. ٩. ٩. ٩. ٩. ٩.

TABLE III. DARMETERS ON CONSTANT 7 'S (Continued)

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н	44.03 kg	2.1.1.85 1.85	4.83 5.67 57.1 17.1	1.39	2.85 1.87 1.18 0.920	0.835	1.30 0.736 0.531 0.488	0.449 0.308 0.262
10-3w	0 65.8 126 174	199 210 216	0 76.4 137 168	181 188	0 85.8 129 145	152	0 73.9 96.9 105	0 38.6 49.9
E	9999 98999	1.69	2.2 2.00 1.75 1.56	1.48	1.38	1.28	1.39 1.24 1.18	1.15
3	9.7.7.2.8 3.5.6% 3.38 .38	2.38 2.00 1.87	7.23 5.20 7.48 7.48	2.07	रू. १८५३ व	1.99	3.35 2.40 2.07 1.97	2.12 1.89 1.81
ပ	1.63	1.33 1.29 1.26	1.48	1.20	1.33	1.13	1.18	1.07
ø	2.3 2.00 1.63	0.831 0.677 0.627	1.88 1.11 0.786	0.624 0.577	1.36 0.987 0.679 0.548	405.0	0.813 0.546 0.435 0.399	0.362 0.277 0.250
P4	10.1 7.05 4.49 2.44	1.28 0.861 0.718	6.76 4.29 2.31 1.19	0.798	5.99 2.13 1.01 0.725	0.612	1.82 0.914 0.610 0.745	0.628 0.421 0.356
H	20.0 23.2 25.1	26.7 27.9 28.6	బ్రి బ్రి బ్లి లేచే తానే	30.8 4.15	8 జఞ్ఞ లబ్లు	26.1	144 144 1483 1488	69.2 69.2
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10-73 10-13	5.23		0.785 6.40		80 0.397 12.5		9.65 33.8	67 0.0118 147

TABLE III. BARAMETERS ON CONSTANT ; 'S (Cortinged)

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<b>h</b>	011	87
· p.	0.267	0.168
ដ	द्धाः ७	0.112
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9	1.6%	1.60
н	1.09	1.05
10-34	0 15.8	0
н	0.190	021.0
Ħ	0.140	9280.0

AFLE IV. PARAMETERS ON CONSTANT "'S

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DOMATH	CH CH (THE C	OR THE CONTACT SURVER 7	7 - 0.)									
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8	0	o	<b>o</b> .	<b>67</b>	23.2	18.0	7.64	130	39.9	0	585	
1.09	2 (7-0)	9.00345 0.00377	0.000129	22	88.0	17.1 18.0	7.27	123 113	38.0 39.0	0 0.874	528 551	
1.25	9 20 k	9.01.5 9.01.5 9.01.5	0.000145 0.000534	ene	20.1 20.1 20.1	15.6 17.6 18.0	6.72 7.24 7.35	110 92.0 89.4	35.1 37.3 37.8	0 2.28 2.61	684 684 684	
1.66	Q C W 7 C	0.020 0.0214 0.0220 0.0220	0.000992 0.000658 0.000323	222g	18.2 18.2 18.2 18.2	14.2 15.0 18.0	6.23 7.18 1.18	97.7 89.2 40.4 70.7	88.55 8.45 8.45 8.65 8.65	0 3.21 4.93	364 466 451 151	
ř.	See See	0.0000 0.0000 0.0000	0.00200	KAF	16.3 16.3 16.3	12.7 14.6 18.0	5.72 6.15 7.02	85.2 69.3 55.7	29.4 31.6 35.4	0 4.66 8.25	292 329 408	
27.2	740) (4-0)	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	0.0039 0.00161	223 272 249	4-41 4-41 14-4	15.1	6.5.9 8.6.9	73.7	26.2 28.7 34.3	0 7.09 13.2	230 261 368	
8% 8%	(1000 A	00.128 0.128 0.128	0.00 0.00 0.400 0.400	129	11.6 11.6	9.82	4.47 5.9.4 6.59	4.85.4 4.65.6 4.05.0	20.0 23.6 32.5	0 14.9 26.8	151 176 315	
13. 14.	2822	6.83.9 5.83.9 5.83.9 6.83.9 6.83.9	0.00% 0.00880 0.00880	25. 108 108 1.	9.38 9.19 9.19 9.19	7.36 6.47 9.80 14.4	5.54.5 5.88.2	48.55 5.55 1.1	15.1 16.7 19.1 27.0	0 20.9 34.0 48.1	97.4 108 125 199	
•	(7.0)	0.251	0	8	9.18	18.0	太.9	18.2	30.8	51.0	273	

ABLE IV.	PARAMETERS	PARAMETERS OF CONSTANT FS	r's (Continue	ued)	4	-			•	ı		
	8	٠. نه	, e	Ω <sub>i</sub>	3	φ	v	8	EH	10-3W	Ħ	<b>M</b>
61.	おななな	0000 277 277 277 277 277 277 277 277 277	0.110 0.0798 0.0299	# 75.6 \$ 5.0 \$ 6.0	6.64 88.88	6.06 6.06 8.18	ጜጜጜጜ ፞ጜቔቜ	28.2 24.2 19.8	11.1 11.7 12.6 13.6	0 28.7 71.6	58.1 60.6 65.4 77.7	50.8 52.8 56.8 67.3
	(2=0)	0.50	ø	53.5	6.85	18.0	40.9	9.01	28.9	98.3	235	205
	おたなな	3695 3695 3695 3695 3695 3695 3695 3695	0.760 0.262 0.168 0.0618	3.5.4.5 5.0.5 5.0.5	444 <del>4</del>	******* 8888	344 344 344 344 344 344 344 344 344 344	22.8 19.4 15.1 12.8	7.3 7.83 8.56 10.0	0 40.3 122 122	27.27.03 27.00.03 20.00.03 20.00.03	20.4 20.6 20.6 20.7 20.6
	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	0.980 1.08 1.03	0.0432 0.00976 0	83.23 8.58 1.	*;; % % £ £	8.9.8 8.0.5 8.0.0	3.5. 5.5.	10.9 8.60 5.31	11.4 15.0 26.8	143 166 178	47.2 70.9 202	39.6 59.9 174
4.5	2222	4444 8888	0.558 0.558 0.558	48.00	25.4 21.4 21.4 20.4	**** 33498	ర్మా ద్వా సావా దార్జులు	18.3 16.0 14.6 13.1		0 39.4 65.2 90.7	22.3 23.1 23.1	18.9 19.2 19.4
	**	2222	0.237 0.216 0.142 0.0746	22.7 19.9 18.2 16.5	5.5.5.5 5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5	54.86 63.863	ળ ળ ળ ળ જે જે જે જે	11.8 10.4 9.02 7.55	6.7 7.19 9.33	116 141 166 192	25.9 25.9 28.2 32.9	20.5 21.5 23.2 27.0
	66 (7-0)	22	6.01TT	15.1	4.4 4.4	6.49 15.0	5.75 5.75 5.75	5.73 3.26	12.5 25.5	220 235	50.1 182	41.5 157
<b>*</b> † \$\$	<b>388</b> 5	na na ioioio	53.88	17.8 16.1 11.6	5.50 5.00 5.00 5.00 5.00 5.00	99999 8939	88.5% 11111	13.1 11.8 10.6 9.46	\$ <b>.</b>	0 35.4 69.8 103	12.7 12.7 12.8	10.7 10.6 10.6 10.6
	<b>344</b> 8	KPAG Noni	0.854 0.667 0.492 0.531	1.01 2.95 2.99	ಪ್ರಬಳ ಬೆ.ಬೆ.ಬೆ.ಬೆ	2.5.8 2.5.8 11.88	9999 9898	8.34 6.27 5.28 5.28		135 166 196 225	13.0 13.4 14.0 15.2	10.6 10.9 11.3
-	ter)	6 34 7 6 6 6	0.188 0.0176 0		8.50 g	4.86 6.22 18.0	2.5% 5.1% 5.1%	1.38 1.38	6.08 7.85 23.3	254 282 314	17.4 23.1 155	15.8 18.2 133

TABLE IV.	PARAMETERS OF	OF COMPLENE	COMPLETE F'S (Continued)	(pa								
h	Ö	44	10 <sup>-3</sup> #	a.	3	, <b>ຜ</b>	ပ	8	<del>C+</del>	10-34	щ	<b>¤</b>
6.	422E	ያይያያ ቴስስስ	25.55 50.55 60.55	49.43 44.43	4506 4506 4506 4506 4506 4506 4506 4506	11.13	1.68	8.86 7.88 6.93 6.02	9.9.9.9 9.9.9.9.9 9.9.9.9	0 44.3 87.8 4	6.72 6.20 6.20	545.5 545.0
	<b>848</b>	4444 84658	3225	7887 684	1.35 1.35 1.35 1.35 1.35 1.35 1.35 1.35	1.78 2.59 2.59	3388	7.7.4 7.00 7.00 7.00	9.9.9.9. 9.9.5.73	159 191 219 242	6.05 9.05 9.05 9.05	4.78 4.78 4.68
	888	<b>でまた</b>	0.988 0.277 0.115	1.58	0.977 0.816 0.779	とかれ	1.76 1.93 2.19	1.97 1.46 1.17	3.25 3.97 5.17	280 328 328	6.36 11.9	4.0.0 9.68
ci.	ಜಿಟಿಚಿ		89.50 50.50 51.50 51.50	77.79 8858	25E8	0.543 0.619 0.619 0.819	7222	6.5.4.4. 7.5.4.6.7.7.7.7.7.7.7.7.7.7.7.7.7.7.7.7.7.7	1.93 1.86 1.82 82	0 50.1 93.8 131	3.59 3.53 81.81	999998 89498
61	***	; # 4.0 6:12	4 4 4 4 8 6 8 4 14 8 4 4	1.72 1.65 1.65 1.67 1.67 1.67 1.67	0.965 0.756 0.691 0.655	\$285 iiiii	1111 8282	2.85 2.13 1.88 1.81	1.76	173 208 226 233	2.16 2.22 2.29	1.65 1.67 1.67
4, 4,	\$ <b>%</b> \$\$	2444 2444 2446	26.4 22.3 118.7	4.4.9.6 8.89.6 8.89.6	0.927 0.731 0.546 0.486	0.156 0.198 0.248 0.276	1.21 1.16 1.13		1.46	0 73.0 118 133	1.58 1.17 0.324 0.729	1.25 0.910 0.632 0.555
	ð.	16.4	16.6	0.588	0.474	0.287	1.11	2.00	1.24	138	0.711	0.541
21.6	888K	8849 જેમ જેમ	\$1.45 0,000	0.50 6.50 6.50 6.50 6.50 6.50 6.50 6.50	0.571 0.415 0.365 0.355	0.0427 0.0578 0.0639 0.0657	11111	2.65 2.32 1.97 1.93	1.26	0 65.7 83.0 87.7	0.800 0.514 0.428 0.407	0.616 0.391 0.325 0.309
6ä.o	283	77.7. 	147	0.68 0.130 0.757	0.25 2.25 2.25 2.25 2.25 2.25 2.25 2.25	0.0118 0.0143 0.0153	1.37	2.12 1.90 1.82	1.15	0 41.1 53.1	0.517 0.577 0.274	0.237
971	228	45.t.	23. 23. 23.	0.28 0.28 0.28 0.28 0.28 0.28 0.28 0.28	0.172 0.160 0.153	0.00135 0.00137 0.00139	1.03	1.71	1.06	0 9.77 16.1	0.190 0.166 0.155	0.140 0.120 0.112

#### ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

Donald Taylor of Computing Laboratory is gratefully acknowledged for his coding the problem and running it in the ORDVAC computer.

Ray C. Makino
Rafel & Shear
RALPH E. SHEAR

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